UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File No. 001-34042

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

<u>Bermuda</u> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

<u>131 Front Street, Hamilton, Bermuda</u> (Address of principal executive offices) <u>98-0570192</u> (IRS Employer Identification No.)

(441) 298-4900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No \neg

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No \neg

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer \neg

Non-accelerated filer \neg (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company ¬

Accelerated filer x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act). Yes ¬ No x

As of August 4, 2014, the number of the Registrant's Common Stock (\$.01 par value) outstanding was 72,877,657.

<u>HM12</u> (Zip Code)

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MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data)

	June 30, 2014 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2013 (Audited)
ASSETS		
Investments:		
Fixed maturities, available-for-sale, at fair value (Amortized cost 2014: \$3,099,723; 2013: \$3,127,792)	\$ 3,225,676	\$ 3,162,067
Other investments, at fair value (Cost 2014: \$10,438; 2013: \$4,522)	 11,061	 5,092
Total investments	3,236,737	3,167,159
Cash and cash equivalents	70,017	139,833
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	221,545	77,360
Accrued investment income	26,354	25,238
Reinsurance balances receivable, net (includes \$371,691 and \$299,645 from related parties in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	672,526	560,145
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	29,378	39,186
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses (includes \$5,983 and \$7,263 from related parties in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	100,199	84,036
Loan to related party	167,975	167,975
Deferred commission and other acquisition expenses (includes \$261,168 and \$216,508 from related parties in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	360,179	304,908
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	88,975	90,613
Other assets	46,921	56,926
Total assets	\$ 5,020,806	\$ 4,713,379
LIABILITIES		
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses (includes \$1,004,489 and \$885,381 from related parties in 2014		
and 2013, respectively)	\$ 2,104,660	\$ 1,957,835
Unearned premiums (includes \$849,231 and \$711,950 from related parties in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	1,224,830	1,034,754
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	107,905	110,114
Senior notes	360,000	360,000
Junior subordinated debt	 	 126,381
Total liabilities	 3,797,395	 3,589,084
Commitments and Contingencies		
EQUITY		
Preference shares	315,000	315,000
Common shares (\$0.01 par value; 73,845,844 and 73,595,897 shares issued in 2014 and 2013, respectively; 72,877,657,and 72,633,561 shares outstanding in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	738	736
Additional paid-in capital	575,811	574,522
Accumulated other comprehensive income	117,950	25,784
Retained earnings	217,295	211,602
Treasury shares, at cost (968,187 and 962,336 shares in 2014 and 2013, respectively)	 (3,867)	 (3,801)
Total Maiden shareholders' equity	1,222,927	1,123,843
Noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries	 484	 452
Total equity	 1,223,411	 1,124,295
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 5,020,806	\$ 4,713,379

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited) (in thousands of U.S. dollars, except per share data)

Net premiums written \$ 540.20 \$ 447.949 \$ 1.250.812 \$ 1.187.008 Change in uneamed premiums (9.024) 15.324 (199.686) (185.293) Net premiums earned 2.842 2.780 8.004 7.995 Other insurance revenue 2.842 2.780 8.004 7.995 Net relized gains (losses) on investment 563.422 536.745 1.115.744 1.055.664 Expenses: 563.422 536.745 1.115.744 1.055.664 Commission and other acquisition expenses 351.157 343.347 702.501 678.242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 157.402 143.572 303.484 275.902 General and administrative expenses 157.402 143.572 303.484 275.902 General and administrative expenses 157.402 16.817 30.320 30.912 Interest and amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost - - 26.240 - Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 1		Fo	r the Three Mor	ths E	nded June 30,	For the Six N Jun	/Ionth e 30,		
Gross premiums written § 560.008 § 535.457 § 1.282.390 § 1.250.177 Net premiums written \$ 540.920 \$ 4497.9449 \$ 1.250.812 \$ 1.187.008 Change in unearned premiums (9.024) 15.324 (199.666) (105.293) Net premiums carned 2.842 2.700 8.004 7.995 Other insurance revenue 2.842 2.700 8.004 7.995 Net investment income 2.812 2.075 55.949 42.724 Net revenues 2.842 2.700 8.004 7.995 Net investment income 2.817 2.53,645 1.115.744 1.055.664 Expenses: 351.157 343.347 702.501 6678.242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 153.96 16,817 30.320 30.912 Interest and amorization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost 819 9.45 1.638 1.990 Foreign exchange and other gains (934) (1.049)			2014		2013	 2014		2013	
Net premiums written \$ 540.20 \$ 447.949 \$ 1.250.812 \$ 1.187.008 Change in uneamed premiums (9.024) 15.324 (199.686) (185.293) Net premiums earned 2.842 2.780 8.004 7.995 Other insurance revenue 2.842 2.780 8.004 7.995 Net relized gains (losses) on investment 563.422 536.745 1.115.744 1.055.664 Expenses: 563.422 536.745 1.115.744 1.055.664 Commission and other acquisition expenses 351.157 343.347 702.501 678.242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 157.402 143.572 303.484 275.902 General and administrative expenses 157.402 143.572 303.484 275.902 General and administrative expenses 157.402 16.817 30.320 30.912 Interest and amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost - - 26.240 - Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 1	Revenues:								
Change in unearned premiums (9,024) 15,324 (199,666) (185,293) Net premiums earned 531,896 513,273 1,051,126 1,001,715 Other insurance revenue 2,842 2,780 8,004 7,995 Net investment income 28,107 20,745 55,949 42,724 Net realized gains (losses) on investment 563,422 536,745 1,115,744 1,055,664 Expenses: 551,157 343,347 702,501 678,242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 157,402 143,572 303,484 275,902 General and administrative expenses 15,396 16,817 30,320 30,912 Interest and amorization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost $-$ 28,240 $-$ Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost (1049) (10.07) $(2,596)$ Total expenses 351,107 513,202 $1,638$ $1,903$ Foreign exchange and other gains (334) (1.049) (1.072) $(2,596)$ Total expense 32,101 23,131 33,976 51,148	Gross premiums written	\$	560,008	\$	535,457	\$ 1,282,390	\$	1,250,177	
Net premiums earned 531,896 513,273 1,051,126 1,001,715 Other insurance revenue 2,842 2,780 8,004 7,995 Net investment income 28,107 20,745 55,949 42,724 Net revenues 281,007 20,745 55,949 42,724 Net revenues 281,007 20,745 55,949 42,724 Expenses: 563,422 536,745 1,115,744 1,055,664 Commission and other acquisition expenses 351,157 343,347 702,501 678,242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 157,402 143,572 303,484 275,902 General and administrative expenses 7,772 9,570 15,236 19,140 Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost	Net premiums written	\$	540,920	\$	497,949	\$ 1,250,812	\$	1,187,008	
Other insurance revenue 2,842 2,780 8,004 7,995 Net investment income 28,107 20,745 55,949 42,724 Net realized gains (losses) on investment 577 (53) 665 3,230 Tota revenues 563,422 536,745 1,115,744 1,055,664 Expenses: 343,347 702,501 678,242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 157,402 143,572 303,484 275,902 General and administrative expenses 153,366 16,817 30,320 30,912 Interest and amortization expenses 7,172 9,570 15,236 19,140 Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issunce cost - 28,240 - Amortization of intangible assets 631,012 513,020 1,003,490 1,003,490 Income taxe panse 32,410 23,543 35,397 52,174 Income taxe spense 31,915 23,31 33,976 51,438 Less: Income attributable to Maiden shareholders 31,915 23,31	Change in unearned premiums		(9,024)		15,324	(199,686)		(185,293)	
Net investment income 28,107 20,745 55,949 42,724 Net realized gains (losses) on investment 577 (53) 665 3,230 Total revenues 563,422 536,745 1,115,744 1,055,664 Expenses: 343,347 702,501 678,242 Commission and other acquisition expenses 157,402 143,572 303,484 275,902 General and administrative expenses 15,396 16,817 30,320 30,121 Interest and anorization expenses 7,772 9,570 15,236 19,140 Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost $ -$ 28,240 $-$ Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 1,638 1,890 1,033,900 1,003,947 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,947 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,003,940 1,00	Net premiums earned	<u> </u>	531,896		513,273	 1,051,126		1,001,715	
Intervention Image: Section of the sectio	Other insurance revenue		2,842		2,780	8,004		7,995	
Total revenues563,422536,7451,115,7441,055,664Expenses:Net loss and loss adjustment expenses $351,157$ $343,347$ $702,501$ $678,242$ Commission and other acquisition expenses $157,402$ $143,572$ $303,484$ $275,902$ General and administrative expenses $15,396$ $16,817$ $30,320$ $30,912$ Interest and amortization expenses $7,172$ $9,570$ $15,236$ $19,140$ Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost $$ $28,240$ $$ Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 $1,638$ $1,890$ Foreign exchange and other gains (934) $(1,049)$ $(1,072)$ $(2,596)$ Total expenses $33,010$ $531,012$ $513,202$ $1,080,347$ $1,003,490$ Income tax expense $32,410$ $23,543$ $35,397$ $52,174$ Income tax expense $31,915$ $23,331$ $33,976$ $51,438$ Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest (27) (32) (66) (59) Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders $31,888$ $23,299$ $33,910$ $51,379$ Dividends on preference shares (6.084) (3.094) $(12,168)$ $(6,188)$ Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders $$0,25$ $$0,28$ $$0,30$ $$0,62$ Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders $$0,35$ $$0,28$ $$0,29$ $$0,62$	Net investment income		28,107		20,745	55,949		42,724	
Expenses: $(1,1,2)$ $(1,2,1,3)$ $(1,1,2)$ $(1,2,1,3)$ </td <td>Net realized gains (losses) on investment</td> <td></td> <td>577</td> <td></td> <td>(53)</td> <td>665</td> <td></td> <td>3,230</td>	Net realized gains (losses) on investment		577		(53)	665		3,230	
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses $351,157$ $343,347$ $702,501$ $678,242$ Commission and other acquisition expenses $157,402$ $143,572$ $303,484$ $275,902$ General and administrative expenses $15,396$ $16,817$ $30,320$ $30,912$ Interest and amortization expenses $7,172$ $9,570$ $15,236$ $19,140$ Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost $ 28,240$ $-$ Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 $1,638$ $1,890$ Foreign exchange and other gains (934) $(1,049)$ $(1,072)$ $(2,596)$ Total expenses $331,012$ $513,202$ $1,080,347$ $1,003,490$ Income before income taxes $32,410$ $23,543$ $35,397$ $52,174$ Income tax expense 495 212 $1,421$ 736 Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest (27) (32) (66) (59) Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders $52,804$ $3,027$ $3,910$ $51,379$ Dividends on pref	Total revenues		563,422		536,745	 1,115,744		1,055,664	
Commission and other acquisition expenses157,402143,572303,484275,902General and administrative expenses15,39616,81730,32030,912Interest and amortization expenses7,1729,57015,23619,140Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost——28,240—Amortization of intangible assets8199451,6381,890Foreign exchange and other gains(934)(1,049)(1,072)(2,596)Total expenses531,012513,2021,080,3471,003,490Income before income taxes32,41023,54335,39752,174Income tax expense44952121,421736Net income31,91523,33133,97651,438Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest(27)(32)(66)(59)Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Read earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0,35\$0,28\$0,30\$Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0,34\$0,27\$0,29\$0,62	Expenses:								
General and administrative expenses15,39616,81730,32030,912Interest and amortization expenses7,1729,57015,23619,140Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost——28,240—Amortization of intangible assets8199451,6381,890Foreign exchange and other gains(934)(1,049)(1,072)(2,596)Total expenses531,012513,2021,080,3471,003,490Income before income taxes32,41023,54335,39752,174Income tax expense4952121,421736Net income31,91523,33133,97651,438Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest(27)(32)(66)(59)Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.30\$Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.29\$0.61	Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		351,157		343,347	702,501		678,242	
Interest and amortization expenses 7,172 9,570 15,236 19,140 Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost — — 28,240 — Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 1,638 1,890 Foreign exchange and other gains (934) (1,049) (1,072) (2,596) Total expenses 531,012 513,202 1,080,347 1,003,490 Income before income taxes 32,410 23,543 35,397 52,174 Income tax expense 495 212 1,421 736 Net income 31,915 23,331 33,976 51,438 Less: Income attributable to Maiden shareholders 31,888 23,299 33,910 51,379 Dividends on preference shares (6,084) (3,094) (12,168) (6,188) Readings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 </td <td>Commission and other acquisition expenses</td> <td></td> <td>157,402</td> <td></td> <td>143,572</td> <td>303,484</td> <td></td> <td>275,902</td>	Commission and other acquisition expenses		157,402		143,572	303,484		275,902	
Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost — — — 28,240 — Amortization of intangible assets 819 945 1,638 1,800 Foreign exchange and other gains (934) (1,049) (1,072) (2,596) Total expenses 531,012 513,202 1,080,347 1,003,490 Income before income taxes 32,410 23,543 35,397 52,174 Income tax expense 495 212 1,421 736 Net income 31,915 23,331 33,976 51,438 Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest (27) (32) (66) (59) Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders 31,888 23,299 33,910 51,379 Dividends on preference shares (6,084) (3,094) (12,168) (6,188) Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 0.30 \$ 0.62 Dividends on preference shares \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Basic earnings per sha	General and administrative expenses		15,396		16,817	30,320		30,912	
issuance cost——28,240—Amortization of intangible assets8199451,6381,890Foreign exchange and other gains(934)(1,049)(1,072)(2,596)Total expenses531,012513,2021,080,3471,003,490Income before income taxes32,41023,54335,39752,174Income tax expense4952121,421736Net income31,91523,33133,97651,438Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest(27)(32)(66)(59)Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Resi cearnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.30\$0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.34\$0.27\$0.28\$0.61Shareholders\$0.34\$0.27\$0.28\$0.61\$	Interest and amortization expenses		7,172		9,570	15,236		19,140	
Foreign exchange and other gains (934) (1,049) (1,072) (2,596) Total expenses 531,012 513,202 1,080,347 1,003,490 Income before income taxes 32,410 23,543 35,397 52,174 Income tax expense 495 212 1,421 736 Net income 31,915 23,331 33,976 51,438 Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest (27) (32) (66) (59) Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders 31,888 23,299 33,910 51,379 Dividends on preference shares (6,084) (3,094) (12,168) (6,188) Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 25,804 \$ 20,205 \$ 21,742 \$ 45,191 Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.34 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.61	·		_		_	28,240			
Total expenses 531,012 513,202 1,080,347 1,003,490 Income before income taxes 32,410 23,543 35,397 52,174 Income tax expense 495 212 1,421 736 Net income 31,915 23,331 33,976 51,438 Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest (27) (32) (66) (59) Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders 31,888 23,299 33,910 51,379 Dividends on preference shares (6,084) (3,094) (12,168) (6,188) Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Dividends on preference shares \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.34 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.61	Amortization of intangible assets		819		945	1,638		1,890	
Income before income taxes 32,410 23,543 35,397 52,174 Income tax expense 495 212 1,421 736 Net income 31,915 23,331 33,976 51,438 Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest (27) (32) (66) (59) Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders 31,888 23,299 33,910 51,379 Dividends on preference shares (6,084) (3,094) (12,168) (6,188) Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 25,804 \$ 20,205 \$ 21,742 \$ Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.35 \$ 0.28 \$ 0.30 \$ 0.62 Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders \$ 0.34 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.61	Foreign exchange and other gains		(934)		(1,049)	(1,072)		(2,596)	
Income tax expense4952121,421736Net income31,91523,33133,97651,438Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest(27)(32)(66)(59)Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 25,804\$ 20,205\$ 21,742\$ 45,191Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.35\$ 0.28\$ 0.28\$ 0.30\$ 0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.34\$ 0.27\$ 0.29\$ 0.29\$ 0.61	Total expenses		531,012		513,202	1,080,347		1,003,490	
Net income31,91523,33133,97651,438Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest(27)(32)(66)(59)Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 25,804\$ 20,205\$ 21,742\$ 45,191Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.35\$ 0.28\$ 0.30\$ 0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.34\$ 0.27\$ 0.29\$ 0.61	Income before income taxes		32,410		23,543	35,397		52,174	
Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest(27)(32)(66)(59)Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 25,804\$ 20,205\$ 21,742\$ 45,191Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.35\$ 0.28\$ 0.28\$ 0.30\$ 0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.34\$ 0.27\$ 0.29\$ 0.29\$ 0.61	Income tax expense		495		212	1,421		736	
Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders31,88823,29933,91051,379Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 25,804\$ 20,205\$ 21,742\$ 45,191Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.35\$ 0.28\$ 0.30\$ 0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$ 0.34\$ 0.27\$ 0.29\$ 0.61	Net income		31,915		23,331	 33,976		51,438	
Dividends on preference shares(6,084)(3,094)(12,168)(6,188)Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$25,804\$20,205\$21,742\$45,191Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.30\$0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.34\$0.27\$0.29\$0.61	Less: Income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(27)		(32)	(66)		(59)	
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$25,804\$20,205\$21,742\$45,191Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.30\$0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.34\$0.27\$0.29\$0.61	Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders		31,888		23,299	33,910		51,379	
Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.30\$0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.34\$0.27\$0.29\$0.61	Dividends on preference shares		(6,084)		(3,094)	 (12,168)		(6,188)	
shareholders\$0.35\$0.28\$0.30\$0.62Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders\$0.34\$0.27\$0.29\$0.61	Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	25,804	\$	20,205	\$ 21,742	\$	45,191	
shareholders \$ 0.34 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.29 \$ 0.61	Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	0.35	\$	0.28	\$ 0.30	\$	0.62	
Dividends declared per common share \$ 0.11 \$ 0.09 \$ 0.22 \$ 0.18	Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	0.34	\$	0.27	\$ 0.29	\$	0.61	
	Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.11	\$	0.09	\$ 0.22	\$	0.18	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited) (in thousands of U.S. dollars)

	For	the Three Mon	ths E	nded June 30,	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2014		2013	2014			2013		
Comprehensive income:										
Net income	\$	31,915	\$	23,331	\$	33,976	\$	51,438		
Other comprehensive income (loss)										
Net unrealized holding gains (losses) on available-for-sale fixed maturities arising during the period (net of tax of \$(14) and \$(43) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and \$26 and \$33 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively)		53,308		(83,489)		91,339		(91,337)		
Adjustment for reclassification of net realized gains recognized in net income, net of tax		418		_		347		(3,081)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment		643		(1,569)		477		1,317		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		54,369		(85,058)		92,163		(93,101)		
Comprehensive income (loss)		86,284		(61,727)		126,139		(41,663)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(27)		(32)		(66)		(59)		
Other comprehensive loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest		3		(5)		3		6		
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest		(24)		(37)		(63)		(53)		
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Maiden shareholders	\$	86,260	\$	(61,764)	\$	126,076	\$	(41,716)		

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited) (in thousands of U.S. dollars)

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2014	2013
Preference shares		
Beginning balance	\$ 315,000	\$ 150,000
Ending balance	315,000	150,000
Common shares		
Beginning balance	736	733
Exercise of options and issuance of shares	2	2
Ending balance	738	 735
Additional paid-in capital	 	
Beginning balance	574,522	575,869
Exercise of options and issuance of common shares	324	931
Share based compensation expense	965	1,160
Ending balance	 575,811	577,960
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Beginning balance	25,784	141,130
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, net	91,686	(94,418)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	480	1,323
Ending balance	117,950	48,035
Retained earnings		
Beginning balance	211,602	151,308
Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders	33,910	51,379
Dividends on preference shares	(12,168)	(6,188)
Dividends on common shares	 (16,049)	 (13,063)
Ending balance	 217,295	183,436
Treasury shares		
Beginning balance	(3,801)	(3,801)
Shares repurchased for treasury	(66)	
Ending balance	(3,867)	(3,801)
Noncontrolling interest in subsidiaries		
Beginning balance	452	372
Dividend paid to noncontrolling interest	(31)	(29)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	66	59
Foreign currency translation adjustments	 (3)	 (6)
Ending balance	484	396
Total equity	\$ 1,223,411	\$ 956,761

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) (in thousands of U.S. dollars)

2014 2013 For the Six Months Ended June 30, Cash flows from operating activities: \$ 33,976 \$ 51,438 Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization of intangibles 2,392 2,591 Net realized gains on investment (665) (3,230) Foreign exchange and other gains (1,072) (2,596) Amortization of share-based compensation expense, bond premium and discount, subordinated debt discount and accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost, net 32,583 8,230 Changes in assets – (increase) decrease: Reinsurance balances receivable, net (110,604)(167, 309)Prepaid reinsurance premiums 9,808 (10, 219)Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses (16,093)9,712 Accrued investment income (1, 113)(540)Deferred commission and other acquisition expenses (55,090)(44, 644)Other assets 7,200 7,772 Changes in liabilities – increase (decrease): Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses 145.959 111,408 Unearned premiums 189,872 195,538 Accrued expenses and other liabilities (8,091) (1,630)Net cash provided by operating activities 235,523 150,060 Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of fixed maturities – available-for-sale (217,904) (630,576) Purchases of other investments (6, 134)(1,538)Proceeds from sales of fixed maturities – available-for-sale 109.963 202,486 Proceeds from maturities and calls of fixed maturities 133,006 264,264 Proceeds from redemption of other investments 510 168 (Increase) decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents (144, 185)36,112 Other, net 1,055 (656)Net cash used in investing activities (125, 400)(128,029) Cash flows from financing activities: Repayment of junior subordinated debt (152, 500)Common share issuance 933 326 Dividends paid to common shareholders (16,035)(6,543)Dividends paid to preference shareholders (12, 168)(6, 188)Net cash used in financing activities (180, 377)(11,798)Effect of exchange rate changes on foreign currency cash 438 (2,401) (69,816)7,832 Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 139,833 81,543 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 70,017 \$ 89,375

See accompanying notes to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Maiden Holdings, Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Company" or "Maiden") and have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP" or "U.S. GAAP") for interim financial statements and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X as promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. All significant inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated.

These interim unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative, if annualized, of those to be expected for the full year. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

These unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, including these notes, should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, and related notes thereto, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Certain reclassifications have been made for 2013 to conform to the 2014 presentation and have no impact on net income previously reported.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes to our significant accounting policies as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, except as discussed below:

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards Updates

Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carry-forward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carry-forward Exists

On July 18, 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-11 which provides guidance on the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss ("NOL") carry-forward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carry-forward exists. Under this ASU, an entity must present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a NOL carry-forward, similar tax loss, or a tax credit carry-forward. There are two exceptions to this form of presentation as follows:

- To the extent a NOL carry-forward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carry-forward is not available at the reporting date under the tax law of the applicable jurisdiction to settle any additional income taxes that would result from the disallowance of a tax position; and
- The entity does not intend to use the deferred tax asset for this purpose.

If either of these conditions exists, an entity should present an unrecognized benefit in the financial statements as a liability and should not net the unrecognizable tax benefit with a deferred tax asset.

The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The update was adopted effective January 1, 2014. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity

In March 2013, FASB issued ASU 2013-05 with the objective of resolving the diversity about whether Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 810-10, *Consolidation - Overall*, or ASC 830-30, *Foreign Currency Matters - Translation of Financial Statements*, applies to the release of the cumulative translation adjustment into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business (other than a sale of in substance real estate or conveyance of oil and gas mineral rights) within a foreign entity. Under this guidance, when a reporting entity that is also the parent entity, ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business (other than a sale of in substance real estate or conveyance of oil and gas mineral rights) within a foreign entity, the parent is required to apply the guidance in ASC 830-30 to release any related cumulative translation adjustment into net income. Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income only if the sale or transfer results in the complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity in which the subsidiary or group of assets had resided. Additionally, for an equity method investment that is a foreign entity, the partial sale guidance in ASC 830-30-40 continues to be applicable. As such, a pro rata portion of the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon a partial sale of such an equity method investment. However, this treatment does not apply to an equity method investment that is not a foreign entity. In those instances, the cumulative translation adjustment is released into net income only if the partial sale represents a complete or substantially complete liquidation of the foreign entity that contains the equity method investment.

Furthermore, the amendments in this ASU clarify that the sale of an investment in a foreign entity includes both: (1) events that result in the loss of a controlling financial interest in a foreign entity (that is, irrespective of any retained investment); and (2) events that result in an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date (sometimes also referred to as a step acquisition). Accordingly, the cumulative translation adjustment should be released into net income upon the occurrence of those events.

The amendments in this ASU are effective prospectively for fiscal years (and interim reporting periods within those years) beginning after December 15, 2013. The update was adopted effective January 1, 2014. The adoption of this guidance did not have an impact on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity

On April 10, 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08, which amends the definition of a discontinued operation in ASC 205-20 and requires entities to provide additional disclosures about disposal transactions that both meet and do not meet the discontinued-operations criteria. Under the previous guidance, the results of operations of a component of an entity were classified as a discontinued operation if all of the following conditions were met:

- The component has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale;
- The operations and cash flows of the component have been (or will be) eliminated from the ongoing operations of the entity as a result of the disposal transaction; and
- The entity will not have any significant continuing involvement in the operations of the component after the disposal transaction.

The revised guidance will change how entities identify disposal transactions under U.S. GAAP by eliminating the second and third criteria above for classifying operations as discontinued. The new guidance instead requires classification of a component or group of components as discontinued operations if it represents a strategic shift that has or will have a major impact on an entity's operations or financial results.

The amendments in this ASU are effective prospectively to all disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that occur in annual periods (and interim periods therein) beginning on or after December 15, 2014. Early adoption is permitted. Entities are prohibited from applying the new ASU to any component that is classified as held for sale before the adoption date. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new guidance on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

On May 28, 2014, FASB issued the final standard on revenue from contracts with customers. The standard, issued as ASU 2014-09, provides comprehensive guidance for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. The purpose of this ASU is to develop a common revenue recognition standard as part of the convergence between U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standard ("IFRS"). The standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016, for public entities. Early application is not permitted.

An entity should apply the amendments in this ASU using one of the following two methods on adoption:

- 1. Retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented and the entity may elect any of the following practical expedients:
 - a. For completed contracts, an entity need not restate contracts that begin and end within the same annual reporting period;
 - b. For completed contracts that have variable consideration, an entity may use the transaction price at the date the contract was completed rather than estimating variable consideration amounts in the comparative reporting periods;
 - c. For all reporting periods presented before the date of initial application, an entity need not disclose the amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations and an explanation of when the entity expects to recognize that amount as revenue.
- 2. Retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying this ASU recognized at the date of initial application. If an entity elects this transition method it also should provide the additional disclosures in reporting periods that include the date of initial application of:
 - a. The amount by which each financial statement line item is affected in the current reporting period by the application of this ASU as compared to the guidance that was in effect before the change.
 - b. An explanation of the reasons for significant changes.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new guidance on its consolidated results of operations and financial condition and have not yet determined the method by which we will adopt the standard in 2017.

Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period

On June 19, 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-12 to clarify how entities should treat performance targets that can be met after the requisite service period of a share-based payment award. The ASU states that the share-based payment award should be treated as a performance condition that affects vesting and therefore, an entity would not record compensation expense (measured as of the grant date without taking into account the effect of the performance target) related to an award for which transfer to the employee is contingent on the entity's satisfaction of a performance target until it becomes probable that the performance target will be met. No new disclosures are required under the ASU.

ASU 2014-12 is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim reporting periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. In addition, all entities will have the option of applying the guidance either prospectively (i.e. only to awards granted or modified on or after the effective date of the issue) or retrospectively. Retrospective application would only apply to awards with performance targets outstanding at or after the beginning of the first annual period presented (i.e. the earliest presented comparative period). The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have an impact on our results of operations, financial condition or liquidity.

3. Segment Reporting

The Company currently has three reportable segments: Diversified Reinsurance, AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance and the NGHC Quota Share (which is currently in run-off).

The Company evaluates segment performance based on segment profit separately from the results of our investment portfolio. Other operating expenses allocated to the segments are called General and Administrative expenses which are allocated on an actual basis except salaries and benefits where management's judgment is applied. The Company does not allocate general corporate expenses to the segments. In determining total assets by reportable segment, the Company identifies those assets that are attributable to a particular segment such as reinsurance balances receivable, prepaid reinsurance premiums, reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses, deferred commission and other acquisition expenses, loans, goodwill and intangible assets, restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments, and reinsurance recoverable on paid losses and funds withheld (which are both presented as part of other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets). All remaining assets are allocated to Corporate.

Fee-generating business, which is included in the Diversified Reinsurance segment, is considered part of the underwriting operations of the Company. To the extent that the fees are generated on underlying insurance contracts sold to third parties that are then ceded under quota share reinsurance contracts with Maiden Reinsurance Ltd. ("Maiden Bermuda", formerly known as Maiden Insurance Company Ltd.), a proportionate share of the fee is offset against the related acquisition expense. To the extent that fee business is not directly associated with premium revenue generated under the applicable reinsurance contracts, that fee revenue is separately reported on the line captioned "Other insurance revenue" in the Company's unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following tables summarize our operating segment's underwriting results and the reconciliation of our reportable segments to net income:

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Diversified Reinsurance	Am	Trust Quota Share Reinsurance	NGHC Quota Share	Total
Net premiums written	\$ 168,943	\$	372,024	\$ (47)	\$ 540,920
Net premiums earned	\$ 200,840	\$	324,926	\$ 6,130	\$ 531,896
Other insurance revenue	2,842		—	—	2,842
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses	(136,208)		(210,680)	(4,269)	(351,157)
Commission and other acquisition expenses	(56,919)		(98,510)	(1,973)	(157,402)
General and administrative expenses	(10,405)		(514)	(188)	(11,107)
Underwriting income (loss)	\$ 150	\$	15,222	\$ (300)	\$ 15,072
Reconciliation to net income					
Net investment income and realized gains on investment					28,684
Amortization of intangible assets					(819)
Foreign exchange and other gains					934
Interest and amortization expenses					(7,172)
Other general and administrative expenses					(4,289)
Income tax expense					(495)
Net income					\$ 31,915
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio*	66.9%		64.8%	69.6%	65.7%
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio**	27.9%		30.3%	32.2%	29.4%
General and administrative expense ratio***	5.1%		0.2%	3.1%	2.9%
Combined ratio****	 99.9%		95.3%	 104.9%	 98.0%



3. Segment Reporting (continued)

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	Diversified Reinsurance	An	nTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	NGHC Quota Share	Total
Net premiums written	\$ 134,934	\$	290,578	\$ 72,437	\$ 497,949
Net premiums earned	\$ 178,336	\$	261,404	\$ 73,533	\$ 513,273
Other insurance revenue	2,780		—	—	2,780
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses	(120,837)		(172,925)	(49,585)	(343,347)
Commission and other acquisition expenses	(44,438)		(76,198)	(22,936)	(143,572)
General and administrative expenses	(11,153)		(505)	(179)	(11,837)
Underwriting income	\$ 4,688	\$	11,776	\$ 833	\$ 17,297
Reconciliation to net income					
Net investment income and realized losses on investment					20,692
Amortization of intangible assets					(945)
Foreign exchange and other gains					1,049
Interest and amortization expenses					(9,570)
Other general and administrative expenses					(4,980)
Income tax expense					(212)
Net income					\$ 23,331
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio*	66.7%		66.2%	67.4%	66.5%
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio**	24.5%		29.1%	31.2%	27.8%
General and administrative expense ratio***	6.2%		0.2%	0.3%	3.3%
Combined ratio****	 97.4%		95.5%	 98.9%	 97.6%

3. Segment Reporting (continued)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Diversified Reinsurance	Ar	nTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	NGHC Quota Share	Total
Net premiums written	\$ 460,562	\$	791,034	\$ (784)	\$ 1,250,812
Net premiums earned	\$ 400,156	\$	629,848	\$ 21,122	\$ 1,051,126
Other insurance revenue	8,004		—	—	8,004
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses	(277,572)		(410,224)	(14,705)	(702,501)
Commission and other acquisition expenses	(107,760)		(188,995)	(6,729)	(303,484)
General and administrative expenses	(21,395)		(1,062)	(387)	(22,844)
Underwriting income (loss)	\$ 1,433	\$	29,567	\$ (699)	\$ 30,301
Reconciliation to net income					
Net investment income and realized gains on investment					56,614
Amortization of intangible assets					(1,638)
Foreign exchange and other gains					1,072
Interest and amortization expenses					(15,236)
Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance costs					(28,240)
Other general and administrative expenses					(7,476)
Income tax expense					(1,421)
Net income					\$ 33,976
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio*	68.0%		65.1%	69.6%	66.3%
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio**	26.4%		30.0%	31.9%	28.7%
General and administrative expense ratio***	5.2%		0.2%	1.8%	2.8%
Combined ratio****	 99.6%		95.3%	 103.3%	 97.8%

3. Segment Reporting (continued)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	Diversified Reinsurance	An	nTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	NGHC Quota Share	Total
Net premiums written	\$ 402,544	\$	635,396	\$ 149,068	\$ 1,187,008
Net premiums earned	\$ 374,585	\$	481,692	\$ 145,438	\$ 1,001,715
Other insurance revenue	7,995		—		7,995
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses	(261,600)		(318,570)	(98,072)	(678,242)
Commission and other acquisition expenses	(89,220)		(141,330)	(45,352)	(275,902)
General and administrative expenses	(21,951)		(994)	(353)	(23,298)
Underwriting income	\$ 9,809	\$	20,798	\$ 1,661	\$ 32,268
Reconciliation to net income					
Net investment income and realized gains on investment					45,954
Amortization of intangible assets					(1,890)
Foreign exchange and other gains					2,596
Interest and amortization expenses					(19,140)
Other general and administrative expenses					(7,614)
Income tax expense					(736)
Net income					\$ 51,438
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio*	68.4%		66.1%	67.4%	67.2%
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio**	23.3%		29.3%	31.2%	27.3%
General and administrative expense ratio***	5.7%		0.3%	0.3%	3.1%
Combined ratio****	 97.4%		95.7%	 98.9%	 97.6%

* Calculated by dividing net loss and loss adjustment expenses by the sum of net premiums earned and other insurance revenue.

** Calculated by dividing commission and other acquisition expenses by the sum of net premiums earned and other insurance revenue.

*** Calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses by the sum of net premiums earned and other insurance revenue.

**** Calculated by adding together net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio, commission and other acquisition expense ratio and general and administrative expense ratio.

3. Segment Reporting (continued)

The following table summarizes our reportable segments' identifiable assets as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	Diversified	AmTrust Quota Share			
June 30, 2014	Reinsurance	 Reinsurance	NG	GHC Quota Share	Total
Reinsurance balances receivable, net	\$ 301,165	\$ 371,361	\$	—	\$ 672,526
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	29,378				29,378
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses	100,199				100,199
Deferred commission and other acquisition expenses	99,004	261,060		115	360,179
Loan to related party	—	167,975		—	167,975
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	88,975			—	88,975
Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments	1,091,474	1,334,771		85,315	2,511,560
Other assets	28,764	_			28,764
Total assets - reportable segments	1,738,959	2,135,167		85,430	3,959,556
Corporate assets				_	1,061,250
Total Assets	\$ 1,738,959	\$ 2,135,167	\$	85,430	\$ 5,020,806

December 31, 2013	Diversified Reinsurance	AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	NG	GHC Quota Share	Total
Reinsurance balances receivable, net	\$ 260,882	\$ 278,573	\$	20,690	\$ 560,145
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	39,186	_		_	39,186
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses	84,036	_		—	84,036
Deferred commission and other acquisition expenses	88,482	209,439		6,987	304,908
Loan to related party	—	167,975		—	167,975
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	90,613	_		_	90,613
Restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments	1,029,537	1,098,409		103,752	2,231,698
Other assets	32,358	_		_	32,358
Total assets - reportable segments	1,625,094	1,754,396		131,429	3,510,919
Corporate assets					1,202,460
Total Assets	\$ 1,625,094	\$ 1,754,396	\$	131,429	\$ 4,713,379

3. Segment Reporting (continued)

The following tables set forth financial information relating to net premiums written and earned by major line of business and reportable segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	·	2014		2013	
Net premiums written		Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total
Diversified Reinsurance					
Property	\$	25,556	4.7 %	\$ 16,556	3.3%
Casualty		107,827	19.9 %	88,793	17.8%
Accident and Health		7,895	1.5 %	7,080	1.4%
International		27,665	5.1 %	22,505	4.5%
Total Diversified Reinsurance		168,943	31.2 %	134,934	27.0%
AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance					
Small Commercial Business		198,023	36.6 %	136,208	27.4%
Specialty Program		56,329	10.4 %	38,669	7.8%
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty		117,672	21.8 %	115,701	23.2%
Total AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance		372,024	68.8 %	290,578	58.4%
NGHC Quota Share					
Automobile Liability		9	—%	41,585	8.4%
Automobile Physical Damage		(56)	—%	30,852	6.2%
Total NGHC Quota Share		(47)	—%	72,437	14.6%
	\$	540,920	100.0 %	\$ 497,949	100.0%
For the Three Months Ended June 30,		2014	1	2013	3
Net premiums earned		Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total
Diversified Reinsurance					
Property	\$	40,760	7.7%	\$ 27,771	5.4%
Casualty		125,385	23.6%	116,838	22.8%
Accident and Health		11,374	2.1%	9,729	1.9%
International		23,321	4.4%	23,998	4.7%
Total Diversified Reinsurance		200,840	37.8%	178,336	34.8%
AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance					
Small Commercial Business		177,054	33.3%	117,566	22.9%
Specialty Program		44,952	8.5%	32,115	6.2%
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty		102,920	19.3%	111,723	21.8%
Total AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance		324,926	61.1%	261,404	50.9%
NGHC Quota Share					
Automobile Liability		3,892	0.7%	42,473	8.3%
		,			
Automobile Physical Damage		2,238	0.4%	31.060	6.0%
Automobile Physical Damage Total NGHC Quota Share		2,238	0.4%	31,060	6.0% 14.3%

3. Segment Reporting (continued)

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2	014	2013			
Net premiums written	 Total	% of Total	 Total	% of Total		
Diversified Reinsurance						
Property	\$ 88,137	7.0 %	\$ 86,078	7.3%		
Casualty	279,581	22.4 %	237,216	20.0%		
Accident and Health	25,117	2.0 %	22,609	1.8%		
International	67,727	5.4 %	56,641	4.8%		
Total Diversified Reinsurance	460,562	36.8 %	 402,544	33.9%		
AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance						
Small Commercial Business	451,780	36.1 %	298,226	25.1%		
Specialty Program	88,127	7.0 %	73,615	6.2%		
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty	251,127	20.1 %	263,555	22.2%		
Total AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	791,034	63.2 %	635,396	53.5%		
NGHC Quota Share						
Automobile Liability	(525)	— %	85,924	7.2%		
Automobile Physical Damage	(259)	%	63,144	5.4%		
Total NGHC Quota Share	(784)	— %	149,068	12.6%		
	\$ 1,250,812	100.0 %	\$ 1,187,008	100.0%		

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2	014	2	2013
Net premiums earned	Total	% of Total	Total	% of Total
Diversified Reinsurance				
Property	\$ 81,355	7.8%	\$ 75,318	7.5%
Casualty	247,272	23.5%	233,897	23.4%
Accident and Health	20,260	1.9%	18,362	1.8%
International	51,269	4.9%	47,008	4.7%
Total Diversified Reinsurance	400,156	38.1%	374,585	37.4%
AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance				
Small Commercial Business	335,659	31.9%	219,823	22.0%
Specialty Program	77,805	7.4%	65,461	6.5%
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty	216,384	20.6%	196,408	19.6%
Total AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	 629,848	59.9%	481,692	48.1%
NGHC Quota Share				
Automobile Liability	12,988	1.2%	84,103	8.4%
Automobile Physical Damage	8,134	0.8%	61,335	6.1%
Total NGHC Quota Share	21,122	2.0%	145,438	14.5%
	\$ 1,051,126	100.0%	\$ 1,001,715	100.0%

4. Investments

(a) Fixed Maturities and Other Investments

Non-U.S. government bonds

Corporate bonds

Other investments

Total investments

Other mortgage-backed securities

Municipal bonds - auction rate

Total available-for-sale fixed maturities

Municipal bonds - other

The original or amortized cost, estimated fair value and gross unrealized gains and losses of available-for-sale fixed maturities and other investments as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows:

June 30, 2014	Original or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains		Gross unrealized losses		Fair value	
Available-for-sale fixed maturities:			_		_		
U.S. treasury bonds	\$ 11,956	\$ 505	\$	_	\$	12,461	
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed	1,215,829	15,959		(19,202)		1,212,586	
U.S. agency bonds – other	7,209	965		—		8,174	
Non-U.S. government bonds	65,755	3,818		(15)		69,558	
Other mortgage-backed securities	43,925	1,623				45,548	
Corporate bonds	1,692,907	123,494		(4,564)		1,811,837	
Municipal bonds – other	62,142	3,370		—		65,512	
Total available-for-sale fixed maturities	 3,099,723	149,734		(23,781)		3,225,676	
Other investments	 10,438	623				11,061	
Total investments	\$ 3,110,161	\$ 150,357	\$	(23,781)	\$	3,236,737	
December 31, 2013	 Original or amortized cost	 Gross unrealized gains		Gross unrealized losses		Fair value	
Available-for-sale fixed maturities:			_		_		
U.S. treasury bonds	\$ 16,622	\$ 587	\$		\$	17,209	
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed	1,292,032	11,727		(41,104)		1,262,655	
U.S. agency bonds – other	7,207	901		_		8,108	

The contractual maturities of our fixed maturities are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or repay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

\$

70,377

33,676

99,170

62,130

4,522

\$

3,127,792

3,132,314

1,546,578

3,547

82,952

934

570

\$

100,648

101,218

(712)

(232)

(22, 830)

(1, 495)

(66,373)

(66, 373)

\$

73,212

33,444

99,170

61,569

5,092

3,162,067

3,167,159

1,606,700

4. Investments (continued)

June 30, 2014	Amortized cost			Fair value	% of Total fair value	
Maturity						
Due in one year or less	\$	40,114	\$	41,333	1.3%	
Due after one year through five years		498,779		547,399	17.0%	
Due after five years through ten years		1,207,263		1,278,234	39.6%	
Due after ten years		93,813		100,576	3.1%	
		1,839,969	_	1,967,542	61.0%	
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed		1,215,829		1,212,586	37.6%	
Other mortgage-backed securities		43,925		45,548	1.4%	
Total available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$	3,099,723	\$	3,225,676	100.0%	

The following tables summarize fixed maturities in an unrealized loss position and the aggregate fair value and gross unrealized loss by length of time the security has continuously been in an unrealized loss position:

	Less than	12 M	onths	12 Months or more					Total				
June 30, 2014	Fair value	1	Unrealized losses		Fair value	I	Unrealized losses			I	Unrealized losses		
Available-for-sale fixed maturities													
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed	\$ 182,914	\$	(1,756)	\$	550,285	\$	(17,446)	\$	733,199	\$	(19,202)		
Non–U.S. government bonds	930		(8)		2,875		(7)		3,805		(15)		
Corporate bonds	31,665		(230)		195,529		(4,334)		227,194		(4,564)		
Total temporarily impaired available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$ 215,509	\$	(1,994)	\$	748,689	\$	(21,787)	\$	964,198	\$	(23,781)		

As of June 30, 2014, there were approximately 74 securities in an unrealized loss position with a fair value of \$964,198 and unrealized losses of \$23,781. Of these securities, there are 55 securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for 12 months or greater with a fair value of \$748,689 and unrealized losses of \$21,787.

	Less than	12 M	onths	12 Months or more					Total				
December 31, 2013	Fair value	I	Unrealized losses		Fair value	Unrealized losses			Fair value		Unrealized losses		
Available-for-sale fixed maturities													
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed	\$ 795,439	\$	(38,421)	\$	60,602	\$	(2,683)	\$	856,041	\$	(41,104)		
Non–U.S. government bonds	9,946		(712)				—		9,946		(712)		
Other mortgage-backed securities	33,444		(232)				_		33,444		(232)		
Corporate bonds	463,469		(16,687)		169,294		(6,143)		632,763		(22,830)		
Municipal bonds – other	50,545		(1,495)				_		50,545		(1,495)		
Total temporarily impaired available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$ 1,352,843	\$	(57,547)	\$	229,896	\$	(8,826)	\$	1,582,739	\$	(66,373)		

As of December 31, 2013, there were approximately 140 securities in an unrealized loss position with a fair value of \$1,582,739 and unrealized losses of \$66,373. Of these securities, there are 19 securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for 12 months or greater with a fair value of \$229,896 and unrealized losses of \$8,826.

4. Investments (continued)

Other-Than-Temporary Impairments ("OTTI")

We review our investment portfolio for impairment on a quarterly basis. Impairment of investments results in a charge to operations when a fair value decline below cost is deemed to be other-than-temporary. As of June 30, 2014, we reviewed our portfolio to evaluate the necessity of recording impairment losses for other-than-temporary declines in the fair value of investments. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company recognized no OTTI. Based on our qualitative and quantitative OTTI review of each asset class within our fixed maturity portfolio, the unrealized losses on fixed maturities at June 30, 2014 were primarily due to widening of credit spreads since their date of purchase. Because we do not intend to sell these securities and it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell these securities until a recovery of fair value to amortized cost, we currently believe it is probable that we will collect all amounts due according to their respective contractual terms. Therefore, we do not consider these fixed maturities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at June 30, 2014.

The following summarizes the credit ratings of our available-for-sale fixed maturities:

Rating* as of June 30, 2014	A	mortized cost	ortized cost Fair value		% of Total fair value
U.S. treasury bonds	\$	11,956	\$	12,461	0.4%
U.S. agency bonds		1,223,038		1,220,760	37.8%
AAA		209,837		229,345	7.1%
AA+, AA, AA-		147,352		158,187	4.9%
A+, A, A-		710,300		759,948	23.6%
BBB+, BBB, BBB-		735,641		780,709	24.2%
BB+ or lower		61,599		64,266	2.0%
Total	\$	3,099,723	\$	3,225,676	100.0%

Rating* as of December 31, 2013	Amortized cost		Fair value	% of Total fair value
U.S. treasury bonds	\$ 16,622	\$	17,209	0.5%
U.S. agency bonds	1,299,239		1,270,763	40.2%
AAA	210,872		222,417	7.0%
AA+, AA, AA-	236,424		242,986	7.7%
A+, A, A-	619,148		651,248	20.6%
BBB+, BBB, BBB-	689,532		701,529	22.2%
BB+ or lower	55,955		55,915	1.8%
Total	\$ 3,127,792	\$	3,162,067	100.0%
*Patings as assigned by Standard & Deer's ("S&D")		_		

*Ratings as assigned by Standard & Poor's ("S&P")

(b) Other Investments

The table below shows our portfolio of other investments:

		June 3	0, 2014	 Decembe	er 31, 2013
	Fair value % of Total fair value			Fair value	% of Total fair value
Investments in limited partnerships	\$	5,061	45.8%	\$ 4,092	80.4%
Other		6,000	54.2%	1,000	19.6%
Total other investments	\$	11,061	100.0%	\$ 5,092	100.0%

The Company has an unfunded commitment on its investments in limited partnerships of approximately \$1,158 as of June 30, 2014.



4. Investments (continued)

Net realized gains on investment

(c) Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investment

Realized gains or losses on the sale of investments are determined on the basis of the first in first out cost method. The following provides an analysis of net realized gains (losses) on investment included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Gross gains	Gross losses	Net
Available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$ 372	\$ —	\$ 372
Other investments	205	_	205
Net realized gains on investment	\$ 577	\$ 	\$ 577
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	Gross gains	Gross losses	Net
Other investments	\$ —	\$ (53)	\$ (53)
Net realized losses on investment	\$ _	\$ (53)	\$ (53)
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Gross gains	Gross losses	Net
Available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$ 373	\$ 	\$ 373
Other investments	292	—	292
Net realized gains on investment	\$ 665	\$ 	\$ 665
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	Gross gains	Gross losses	Net
Available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$ 3,112	\$ 	\$ 3,112
Other investments	171	(53)	118

Proceeds from sales of fixed maturities classified as available-for-sale were \$4,629 and \$109,963 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 (June 30, 2013 - \$157,107 and \$202,486, respectively). Net unrealized gains were as follows:

\$

3,283

\$

3,230

\$

(53)

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Available-for-sale fixed maturities	\$ 125,953	\$ 34,275
Other investments	623	570
Total net unrealized gains	 126,576	 34,845
Deferred income tax expense	(162)	(117)
Net unrealized gains, net of deferred income tax	\$ 126,414	\$ 34,728
Change in net unrealized gains, net of deferred income tax	\$ 91,686	\$ (108,937)

(d) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

We are required to maintain assets on deposit to support our reinsurance operations and to serve as collateral for our reinsurance liabilities under various reinsurance agreements. The assets on deposit are available to settle reinsurance liabilities. We also utilize trust accounts to collateralize business with our reinsurance counterparties. These trust accounts generally take the place of letter of credit requirements.

4. Investments (continued)

The assets in trust as collateral are primarily cash and highly rated fixed maturity securities. The fair value of our restricted assets was as follows:

	June 30, 2014	De	ecember 31, 2013
Restricted cash and cash equivalents – third party agreements	\$ 80,884	\$	72,877
Restricted cash and cash equivalents – related party agreements	139,391		4,429
Restricted cash and cash equivalents – U.S. state regulatory authorities	1,270		54
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	221,545		77,360
Restricted investments – in trust for third party agreements at fair value (<i>Amortized cost: 2014</i> – \$964,674; 2013 – \$933,897)	997,225		939,800
Restricted investments – in trust for related party agreements at fair value (<i>Amortized cost: 2014 – \$1,230,391; 2013 – \$1,183,156</i>)	1,284,620		1,201,473
Restricted investments – in trust for U.S. state regulatory authorities (<i>Amortized cost: 2014 – \$7,899; 2013 – \$12,730</i>)	8,170		13,065
Total restricted investments	 2,290,015		2,154,338
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents and investments	\$ 2,511,560	\$	2,231,698

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

(a) Fair Values of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC Topic 820, "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*" ("ASC 820") defines fair value as the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e. the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between open market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access. Valuation
 adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly
 available in an active market, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment. Examples of assets and liabilities utilizing
 Level 1 inputs include: exchange-traded equity securities, U.S. Treasury securities, and listed derivatives that are actively traded;
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or valuations based on models where the significant inputs are observable (e.g. interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, default rates, loss severities, etc.) or can be corroborated by observable market data. Examples of assets and liabilities utilizing Level 2 inputs include: listed derivatives that are not actively traded; U.S. government-sponsored agency securities; non-U.S. government obligations; corporate and municipal bonds; mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") and asset-backed securities ("ABS"); short-duration high yield fund, and over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives (e.g. foreign currency options and forward contracts); and
- Level 3 Valuations based on models where significant inputs are not observable. The unobservable inputs reflect our own assumptions about assumptions that market participants would use. Examples of assets and liabilities utilizing Level 3 inputs include: insurance and reinsurance derivative contracts; hedge and credit funds with partial transparency; and collateralized loan obligation ("CLO") equity tranche securities that are traded in less liquid markets.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from financial instrument to financial instrument and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires significantly more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by management in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. We use prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This condition could cause an instrument to be reclassified between levels.

For investments that have quoted market prices in active markets, the Company uses the quoted market prices as fair value and includes these prices in the amounts disclosed in the Level 1 hierarchy. To date, we have only included U.S. government fixed maturity instruments as level 1. The Company receives the quoted market prices from a third party, a nationally recognized pricing service provider ("Pricing Service"). When quoted market prices are unavailable, the Company utilizes the Pricing Service to determine an estimate of fair value. The fair value estimates are included in the Level 2 hierarchy.

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The Pricing Service utilizes evaluated pricing models that vary by asset class and incorporate available trade, bid and other market information and for structured securities, cash flow and, when available, loan performance data. The Pricing Service's evaluated pricing applications apply available information as applicable through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing, to prepare evaluations. In addition, the Pricing Service uses model processes, such as the Option Adjusted Spread model, to assess interest rate impact and develop prepayment scenarios. The market inputs that the Pricing Service normally seeks for evaluations of securities, listed in approximate order of priority, include: benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications.

In accordance with ASC 820, the Company determines fair value of the financial instrument based on the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

ASC 825, "Disclosure About Fair Value of Financial Instruments", requires all entities to disclose the fair value of their financial instruments, both assets and liabilities recognized and not recognized in the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate fair value.

The following describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to determine the fair value of financial instruments held as of June 30, 2014.

U.S. government and U.S. government agencies — Comprised primarily of bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and the Federal National Mortgage Association. The fair values of U.S. treasury securities are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy. We believe the market for U.S. treasury securities is an actively traded market given the high level of daily trading volume. The fair values of U.S. government agency bonds are determined using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. As the yields for the risk-free yield curve and the spreads for these securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of U.S. government agency bonds are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Non-U.S. government bonds — Comprised of bonds issued by non-U.S. governments and their agencies along with supranational organizations. These securities are generally priced by pricing services. The pricing services may use current market trades for securities with similar quality, maturity and coupon. If no such trades are available, the pricing service typically uses analytical models which may incorporate spreads, interest rate data and market/sector news. As the significant inputs used to price non-U.S. government bonds are observable market inputs, the fair values of non-U.S. government bonds are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Other mortgage-backed securities — Comprised of commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"). These securities are priced by independent pricing services and brokers. The pricing provider applies dealer quotes and other available trade information, prepayment speeds, yield curves and credit spreads to the valuation. As the significant inputs used to price the CMBS are observable market inputs, the fair value of the CMBS is included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Corporate bonds — Comprised of bonds issued by corporations that on acquisition are rated BBB-/Baa3 or higher. These securities are generally priced by pricing services. The fair values of corporate bonds that are short-term are priced, by the pricing services, using the spread above the London Interbank Offering Rate ("LIBOR") yield curve and the fair value of corporate bonds that are long-term are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. The spreads are sourced from broker/dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. Where pricing is unavailable from pricing services, we obtain non-binding quotes from broker-dealers. As the significant inputs used to price corporate bonds are observable market inputs, the fair values of corporate bonds are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Municipal bonds - auction rate — Comprised of auction rate securities issued by U.S. state and municipality entities or agencies. Municipal auction rate securities are reported in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value which approximates their cost. As the significant inputs used to price the auction rate securities are observable market inputs, auction rate securities are classified within Level 2.

Municipal bonds - other — Comprised of bonds issued by U.S. state and municipality entities or agencies. The fair values of municipal bonds are generally priced by pricing services. The pricing services typically use spreads obtained from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price the municipal bonds are observable market inputs, municipal bonds are classified within Level 2.

Other investments — The fair values of the investments in limited partnerships are determined by the fund manager based on recent filings, operating results, balance sheet stability, growth and other business and market sector fundamentals, and as such, the fair values are included in the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The fair value of both the investment in preference shares of a start-up insurance producer and the common shares of an insurance company, was determined using recent private market transactions and a subscription via a 144a prospectus, respectively, and as such, the fair value is included in the Level 3 fair value hierarchy.

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Reinsurance balance receivable — The carrying values reported in the accompanying balance sheets for these financial instruments approximate their fair value due to short term nature of the assets.

Loan to related party — The carrying value reported in the accompanying balance sheets for this financial instrument approximates its fair value.

Senior notes — The amount reported in the accompanying balance sheets for these financial instruments represents the carrying value of the notes. The fair values are based on quoted prices of identical instruments in inactive markets and as such, are included in the Level 2 hierarchy.

Junior subordinated debt — The amount reported in the accompanying balance sheets for this financial instrument represents the carrying value of the debt. The fair value of the debt was derived using the Black-Derman-Toy model. As the fair value of the junior subordinated debt was determined using observable market inputs in the Black-Derman-Toy model, the fair value was included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy for the year ended December 31, 2013. On January 15, 2014, the Company's wholly owned U.S. holding company, Maiden Holdings North America, Ltd. ("Maiden NA"), repurchased all of the outstanding junior subordinated debt in an amount equal to \$126,381.

(b) Fair Value Hierarchy

The Company's estimates of fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities are based on the framework established in ASC 820. The framework is based on the inputs used in valuation and gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the ASC 820 hierarchy is based on whether the significant inputs into the valuation are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest priority is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's significant market assumptions.

At June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we classified our financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the following valuation hierarchy:

²⁴

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

June 30, 2014	•	uoted Prices in Active tets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		 Total Fair Value
Fixed maturities						
U.S. treasury bonds	\$	12,461	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 12,461
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed		—	1,212,586		—	1,212,586
U.S. agency bonds – other		_	8,174		_	8,174
Non-U.S. government bonds		—	69,558			69,558
Other mortgage-backed securities		_	45,548			45,548
Corporate bonds		—	1,811,837			1,811,837
Municipal bonds – other		_	65,512			65,512
Other investments		_			11,061	11,061
Total	\$	12,461	\$ 3,213,215	\$	11,061	\$ 3,236,737
As a percentage of total assets		0.2%	 64.0%		0.2%	 64.4%

December 31, 2013 Fixed maturities	Quoted Prices in Active kets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total Fair Value	
U.S. treasury bonds	\$ 17,209	\$		\$	_	\$	17,209	
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed		•	1,262,655	•	—	•	1,262,655	
U.S. agency bonds – other	_		8,108		_		8,108	
Non-U.S. government bonds	—		73,212				73,212	
Other mortgage-backed securities	_		33,444				33,444	
Corporate bonds	—		1,606,700		_		1,606,700	
Municipal bonds – auction rate	_		99,170		_		99,170	
Municipal bonds – other	—		61,569		_		61,569	
Other investments	_		_		5,092		5,092	
Total	\$ 17,209	\$	3,144,858	\$	5,092	\$	3,167,159	
As a percentage of total assets	0.4%		66.7%		0.1%		67.2%	

The Company utilized a Pricing Service to estimate fair value measurements for approximately 100.0% and 95.3% of its fixed maturities at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The Pricing Service utilizes market quotations for fixed maturity securities that have quoted market prices in active markets. Since fixed maturities other than U.S. treasury securities generally do not trade on a daily basis, the Pricing Service prepares estimates of fair value measurements using relevant market data, benchmark curves, sector groupings and matrix pricing and these have been classified as Level 2. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, 0.0% and 4.7%, respectively, of the fixed maturities are valued using the market approach. Please refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a discussion on the securities that were priced using a quotation from a broker and/or custodian as opposed to the Pricing Service.

There have not been any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or Level 2 and Level 3, respectively, during the periods represented by these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Other investments: The Company has \$5,061 or approximately 0.2% of its investment portfolio in limited partnerships where the fair value estimate is determined by the fund manager based on recent filings, operating results, balance sheet stability, growth and other business and market sector fundamentals. Due to the significant unobservable inputs in these valuations, the Company includes the estimate in the amount disclosed as Level 3. The Company also has investments of \$1,000 in preference shares of a start-up insurance producer and \$5,000 in common shares of an insurance company, the fair value of both investments was determined using recent private market transactions and a subscription via a 144a prospectus, respectively, and as such, the fair value is included in the Level 3 fair value hierarchy.

The Company has determined that its investments in Level 3 securities are not material to its financial position or results of operations.

(c) Level 3 Financial Instruments

The following table presents changes in Level 3 for our financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

		For the Three	Mon	ths Ended
Other investments:	J	une 30, 2014		June 30, 2013
Balance at beginning of period	\$	5,773	\$	3,220
Total realized gains – included in net realized gains on investment		205		_
Total realized losses – included in net realized gains on investment				(53)
Change in total unrealized gains – included in other comprehensive income (loss)		(67)		118
Change in total unrealized losses – included in other comprehensive income (loss)		_		—
Purchases		5,347		1,248
Sales and redemptions		(197)		(95)
Transfers into Level 3		_		_
Transfers out of Level 3		_		—
Balance at end of period	\$	11,061	\$	4,438
Level 3 gains (losses) included in net income attributable to the change in unrealized gains (losses) relating to assets held at the reporting date	\$	_	\$	_
		For the Six N	1ont	hs Ended
Other investments:	J	une 30, 2014		June 30, 2013
Balance at beginning of period	\$	5,092	\$	2,901
Total realized gains – included in net realized gains on investment		292		171
Total realized losses – included in net realized gains on investment		—		(53)
Change in total unrealized gains – included in other comprehensive income (loss)		53		49
Change in total unrealized losses – included in other comprehensive income (loss)		—		—
Purchases		6,134		1,538
Sales and redemptions		(510)		(168)
Transfers into Level 3		_		_
Transfers out of Level 3		—		—
Balance at end of period	\$	11,061	\$	4,438
Level 3 gains (losses) included in net income attributable to the change in unrealized gains (losses) relating to assets held at the reporting date	\$	_	\$	_

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

(d) Fair Value of Liabilities

The following table presents the carrying values and fair values of the Senior Notes and Junior Subordinated debt as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

		June 30, 2014			 December 31, 2013			
	Interest Rate		Carrying Value		Fair Value	Carrying Value		Fair Value
2011 Senior Notes	8.25%	\$	107,500	\$	113,400	\$ 107,500	\$	101,480
2012 Senior Notes	8.00%		100,000		103,200	100,000		89,760
2013 Senior Notes	7.75%		152,500		158,814	152,500		126,209
Junior Subordinated Debt	14.00%				—	126,381		152,500

6. Related Party Transactions

The Founding Shareholders of the Company are Michael Karfunkel, George Karfunkel and Barry Zyskind. Michael Karfunkel is the non-executive chairman of the board of AmTrust Financial Services, Inc. ("AmTrust"), George Karfunkel is a director of AmTrust, and Barry Zyskind is the president, chief executive officer and director of AmTrust. The Founding Shareholders, including Leah Karfunkel (wife of Michael Karfunkel), own or control approximately 59% of the outstanding shares of AmTrust. On June 6, 2013, NGHC issued 21,850,000 common shares in a 144A offering, which resulted in AmTrust owning 15.4% of the issued and outstanding common shares of NGHC, Michael Karfunkel owning 15.8% of the issued and outstanding common shares of NGHC Annuity Trust") (which is controlled by Leah Karfunkel) owning 41.4% of the issued and outstanding common shares of NGHC. Michael Karfunkel is the chairman and chief executive officer of NGHC, and Barry Zyskind is a director of NGHC.

AmTrust

The following describes transactions between the Company and AmTrust.

AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement

Effective July 1, 2007, the Company and AmTrust entered into a master agreement, as amended (the "Master Agreement"), by which they caused Maiden Bermuda, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, and AmTrust's Bermuda reinsurance subsidiary, AmTrust International Insurance, Ltd. ("AII"), to enter into a quota share reinsurance agreement (the "Reinsurance Agreement") by which (a) AII retrocedes to Maiden Bermuda an amount equal to 40% of the premium written by subsidiaries of AmTrust, net of the cost of unaffiliated inuring reinsurance (and in the case of AmTrust's U.K. insurance subsidiary, AmTrust Europe, Limited, net of commissions) and 40% of losses and (b) AII transferred to Maiden Bermuda 40% of the AmTrust subsidiaries' unearned premiums, effective July 1, 2007, with respect to the current lines of business, excluding risks for which the AmTrust subsidiaries' net retention exceeds \$5,000 ("Covered Business"). Effective January 1, 2010, the Company agreed to assume its proportionate share of AmTrust's workers' compensation exposure and shared the benefit of the 2010 excess reinsurance protection. AmTrust also has agreed to cause AII, subject to regulatory requirements, to reinsure any insurance company which writes Covered Business in which AmTrust acquires a majority interest to the extent required to enable AII to cede to Maiden Bermuda 40% of the premiums and losses related to such Covered Business. The Master Agreement further provided that AII receives a ceding commission of 31% of ceded written premiums.

On June 11, 2008, Maiden Bermuda and AII amended the Reinsurance Agreement to add Retail Commercial Package Business to the Covered Business as a consequence of AmTrust's acquisition of Unitrin Business Insurance ("UBI"). Under the amendment, AmTrust's subsidiaries ceded, upon collection, to Maiden Bermuda 100% of \$82.2 million of unearned premium (net of inuring reinsurance) from the acquisition of UBI's in-force book of business. Additionally, AmTrust cedes to Maiden Bermuda 40% of net premiums written, effective as of June 1, 2008. Maiden Bermuda will pay to AmTrust a ceding commission of 34.375% on the unearned premium cession and the Retail Commercial Package Business. The \$2,000 maximum liability for a single loss provided in the Reinsurance Agreement shall not be applicable to Retail Commercial Package Business.

On February 9, 2009, Maiden Bermuda and AII amended the Reinsurance Agreement to clarify that (i) AII would offer Maiden Bermuda the opportunity to reinsure Excess Retention Business, which is defined as a policy issued by an AmTrust insurance subsidiary with respect to which the insurance subsidiary's retention is greater than \$5,000 and (ii) the deduction for the cost of inuring reinsurance from Affiliate Subject Premium (as defined in the Reinsurance Agreement) retroceded to Maiden Bermuda is net of ceding commission.



6. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Effective April 1, 2011, Maiden Bermuda and AII amended the Master Agreement to reduce the commission on all business ceded except Retail Commercial Package Business to 30% until December, 31, 2011. Thereafter the rate was 31% subject to an adjustment of 1% to 30% if the proportion of Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty premium ceded is greater than or equal to 42% of the Covered Business (excluding Retail Commercial Package Business). If the proportion of Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty premium ceded is greater than or equal to 38% but less than 42% of the Covered Business (excluding Retail Commercial Package Business), the commission rate shall be reduced by 0.5% to 30.5%. In addition, the collateral requirements were restated to clarify that balances relating to all AmTrust subsidiaries are subject to collateral requirements, and the Reinsurance Agreement was extended by one year through June 30, 2014.

Effective March 7, 2013, Maiden Bermuda and AII amended the Reinsurance Agreement extending the term of the agreement to July 1, 2016, and shall automatically renew for successive three-year periods thereafter. If AII or Maiden Bermuda elects to so terminate the Reinsurance Agreement, it shall give written notice to the other party hereto not less than nine months prior to either July 1, 2016 or the expiration of any successive three-year period. In addition, either party is entitled to terminate on thirty days' notice or less upon the occurrence of certain early termination events, which include a default in payment, insolvency, change in control of AII or Maiden Bermuda, run-off, or a reduction of 50% or more of the shareholders' equity of Maiden Bermuda or the combined shareholders' equity of AII and the AmTrust subsidiaries. The amendment further provides that, effective January 1, 2013, AII will receive a ceding commission of 31% of ceded written premiums with respect to all Covered Business other than retail commercial package business, for which the ceding commission will remain 34.375%. Lastly, with regard to the Specialty Program portion of Covered Business only, AII will be responsible for ultimate net loss otherwise recoverable from Maiden Bermuda to the extent that the loss ratio to Maiden Bermuda, which shall be determined on an inception to date basis from July 1, 2007 through the date of calculation, is between 81.5% and 95%. Above and below the defined corridor, Maiden Bermuda will continue to reinsure losses at its proportional 40% share per the Reinsurance Agreement.

AmTrust European Hospital Liability Quota Share Agreement ("European Hospital Liability Quota Share")

Effective April 1, 2011, Maiden Bermuda, entered into a quota share reinsurance contract with AmTrust Europe Limited ("AEL") and AmTrust International Underwriters Limited ("AIUL"), both wholly owned subsidiaries of AmTrust. Pursuant to the terms of the contract, Maiden Bermuda assumed 40% of the premiums and losses related to policies classified as European Hospital Liability, including associated liability coverages and policies covering physician defense costs, written or renewed on or after April 1, 2011. The contract also covers policies written or renewed on or before March 31, 2011, but only with respect to losses that occur, accrue or arise on or after April 1, 2011. The maximum limit of liability attaching shall be ξ 5,000 or currency equivalent (on a 100% basis) per original claim for any one original policy. Maiden Bermuda will pay a ceding commission of 5% and shall allow AEL and AIUL a profit share based upon the results of a contract year exceeding defined underwriting performance. To the extent that the underwriting performance is exceeded, the Company will share 50% of the excess amounts computed. The agreement has been renewed through March 31, 2015 and can be terminated at any April 1 by either party on four months notice.

Effective January 1, 2012, the quota share reinsurance contract with AEL and AIUL was amended, thereby increasing the maximum liability attaching to €10,000 or currency equivalent (on a 100% basis) per original claim for any one original policy. Furthermore, amendments were also made to the contract to expand the territorial scope to include new territories, specifically France.

The Company recorded approximately \$94,448 and \$181,122 of ceding commission expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$72,929 and \$135,308, respectively) as a result of these quota share arrangements with AmTrust.

Other Reinsurance Agreements

Effective September 1, 2010, our indirect wholly owned subsidiary, Maiden Specialty Insurance Company ("Maiden Specialty"), entered into a quota share reinsurance agreement with Technology Insurance Company, Inc. ("Technology"), a subsidiary of AmTrust. Under the agreement, Maiden Specialty ceded (a) 90% of its gross liability written under the Open Lending Program ("OPL") and (b) 100% of its surplus lines general liability business under the Naxos Avondale Specialty Casualty Program ("NAXS"). Maiden Specialty's involvement is limited to certain states where Technology was not fully licensed. The agreement also provides that Maiden Specialty receives a ceding commission of 5% of ceded written premiums. The reinsurance agreement had a term of three years and remained continuously in force until terminated in accordance with the contract. The OPL program was terminated on December 31, 2011 on a run-off basis and the NAXS program terminated on October 31, 2012. Maiden Specialty ceded premiums of approximately \$50 and \$85 and recorded ceding commission income of \$2 and \$4 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$182 and \$689 of premiums ceded and \$28 and \$156 of ceding commission income, respectively).

6. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Effective September 1, 2010, our indirect wholly owned subsidiary, Maiden Reinsurance North America, Inc. ("Maiden US", formerly known as Maiden Reinsurance Company), entered into an arrangement whereby a subsidiary of AmTrust fronted a reinsurance agreement in which Maiden US assumed 80% of the gross liabilities produced under the Southern General Agency program with the other 20% assumed by a third party. This fronting arrangement compensated AmTrust with a 5% commission of ceded premiums. The agreement was subsequently amended, effective September 1, 2012, whereby the termination date of the agreement was extended until August 31, 2013. This agreement expired on the termination date and is currently in run-off.

Pursuant to the latest amendment, Maiden US now receives 100% of the ceded premium and reinsures 100% of the liabilities incurred (from the effective date). Under this agreement, as amended, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, Maiden US recorded approximately \$640 and \$1,756 of premiums earned and \$32 and \$88 of commission expense, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$1,138 and \$1,875 of premiums earned and \$57 and \$94 of commission expense, respectively).

Effective April 1, 2012, Maiden US entered into a reinsurance agreement with AmTrust's wholly owned subsidiary, AmTrust North America, Inc. ("AmTrust NA"). Maiden US shall indemnify AmTrust NA, on an excess of loss basis, as a result of losses occurring on AmTrust NA's new and renewal policies relating to the lines of business classified as Automobile Liability by AmTrust NA in its annual statement utilizing the specific underwriting guidelines defined in the reinsurance agreement. AmTrust NA shall retain the first \$1,000 of loss, per any one policy or per any one loss occurrence. Maiden US shall be liable for the amount by which AmTrust NA's loss exceeds \$1,000, but the liability of Maiden US shall not exceed \$1,000 on any one policy and any one loss occurrence. The agreement provides AmTrust NA with fixed ceding commissions on net written premiums varying between 10% to 27.5% depending on the commission rate in the underlying policy. This agreement has a term of one year and automatically renews annually unless terminated pursuant to the terms of the agreement, Under this agreement, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, Maiden US recorded approximately \$347 and \$650 of net premiums earned and \$79 and \$126 of commission expense, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$150 and \$199 net premiums earned and \$29 and \$56 commission expense, respectively).

Collateral provided to AmTrust

In order to provide AmTrust's U.S. insurance subsidiaries with credit for reinsurance on their statutory financial statements, AII, as the direct reinsurer of the AmTrust's insurance subsidiaries, has established trust accounts ("Trust Accounts") for their benefit. Maiden Bermuda has agreed to provide appropriate collateral to secure its proportional share under the Reinsurance Agreement of AII's obligations to the AmTrust subsidiaries to whom AII is required to provide collateral. This collateral may be in the form of (a) assets loaned by Maiden Bermuda to AII for deposit into the Trust Accounts, pursuant to a loan agreement between those parties, (b) assets transferred by Maiden Bermuda for deposit into the Trust Accounts, (c) a letter of credit obtained by Maiden Bermuda and delivered to an AmTrust subsidiary on AII's behalf (a "Letter of Credit"), or (d) premiums withheld by an AmTrust subsidiary at Maiden Bermuda's request in lieu of remitting such premiums to AII ("Withheld Funds"). Maiden Bermuda may provide any or a combination of these forms of collateral, provided that the aggregate value thereof equals Maiden Bermuda's proportionate share of its obligations under the Reinsurance Agreement with AII. The amount of collateral Maiden Bermuda is required to maintain, which is determined quarterly, equals its proportionate share of (a) the amount of ceded loss reserves (including ceded reserves for claims reported but not resolved and losses incurred but not reported) for which AII is responsible to AmTrust subsidiaries to AII.

Maiden Bermuda satisfied its collateral requirements under the Reinsurance Agreement with AII as follows:

• by lending funds in the amount of \$167,975 as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 to AII pursuant to a loan agreement entered into between those parties. This loan is carried at cost. Pursuant to the Reinsurance Agreement, AmTrust has agreed to cause AII not to commingle Maiden Bermuda's assets with AII's other assets and to cause the AmTrust subsidiaries not to commingle Maiden Bermuda's assets with the AmTrust subsidiaries' other assets if an AmTrust subsidiary withdraws those assets. AII has agreed that, if an AmTrust subsidiary returns to AII excess assets withdrawn from a Trust Account, drawn on a Letter of Credit or maintained by such AmTrust subsidiary as Withheld Funds, AII will immediately return to Maiden Bermuda its proportionate share of such excess assets. AII has further agreed that if the aggregate fair market value of the amount of Maiden Bermuda's assets held in the Trust Account exceeds Maiden Bermuda's proportionate share of AII's obligations, or if an AmTrust subsidiary misapplies any such collateral, AII will immediately return to Maiden Bermuda's assets from a Trust Account and maintains those assets on its books as withheld funds, AII has agreed to pay to Maiden Bermuda's assets from a Trust Account and maintains those assets on its books as withheld funds, AII has agreed to pay to Maiden Bermuda's proportionate share of AII's obligations to that AmTrust subsidiary exceeds the value of the collateral Maiden Bermuda interest at the rate equivalent to the one-month LIBOR plus 90 basis points per annum computed on the basis of a 360-day year on the loan (except to the extent Maiden Bermuda's proportionate share of AII's obligations to that AmTrust subsidiary exceeds the value of the collateral Maiden Bermuda has provided), and net of unpaid fees Maiden Bermuda owes to AII Insurance Management Limited ("AIIM") and its share of fees owed to the trustee of the Trust Account.

• effective December 1, 2008, the Company entered into a Reinsurer Trust Assets Collateral agreement to provide to AII sufficient collateral to secure its proportional share of AII's obligations to the U.S. AmTrust subsidiaries. The amount of the collateral, as of June 30, 2014 was approximately \$1,196,347 (December 31, 2013 - \$1,094,964) and the accrued interest was \$9,019 (December 31, 2013 - \$8,159). (See Note 4(d)).

6. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Brokerage Agreements

Effective July 1, 2007, the Company entered into a reinsurance brokerage agreement with AII Reinsurance Broker Ltd. ("AIIB"), a wholly owned subsidiary of AmTrust. Pursuant to the brokerage agreement, AIIB provides brokerage services relating to the Reinsurance Agreement and, beginning on April 1, 2011, the European Hospital Liability Quota Share agreement for a fee equal to 1.25% of the premium assumed from AII. The brokerage fee is payable in consideration of AIIB's brokerage services. AIIB is not the Company's exclusive broker. AIIB may, if mutually agreed, also produce reinsurance business for the Company from other ceding companies, and in such cases the Company will negotiate a mutually acceptable commission rate.

Following the initial one-year term, the agreement may be terminated upon 30 days written notice by either party. Maiden Bermuda recorded approximately \$4,062 and \$7,873 of reinsurance brokerage expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$3,267 and \$6,021, respectively) and deferred reinsurance brokerage of \$10,604 as of June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$8,592) as a result of this agreement.

Asset Management Agreement

Effective July 1, 2007, the Company entered into an asset management agreement with AIIM pursuant to which AIIM has agreed to provide investment management services to the Company. Pursuant to the asset management agreement, AIIM provides investment management services for a quarterly fee of 0.05% if the average value of the account for the previous calendar quarter is less than or equal to \$1 billion and 0.0375% if the average value of the account for the previous calendar quarter is greater than \$1 billion. Following the initial one-year term, the agreement may be terminated upon 30 days written notice by either party. The Company recorded approximately \$1,265 and \$2,489 of investment management fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$1,061 and \$2,102, respectively) as a result of this agreement.

Other

On March 1, 2011, we entered into a time sharing agreement for the lease of aircraft owned by AmTrust Underwriters, Inc. ("AUI"), a wholly owned subsidiary of AmTrust. The initial lease was for 10 months ending on December 31, 2011 and automatically renews for successive one-year terms unless terminated in accordance with the provisions of the agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company will reimburse AUI for actual expenses incurred as allowed by Federal Aviation Regulations. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recorded an expense of \$24 and \$24, respectively (June 30, 2013 - \$19 and \$19, respectively) for the use of the aircraft.

NGHC

The following describes transactions between the Company and NGHC and its subsidiaries:

NGHC Quota Share Reinsurance Agreement

Maiden Bermuda, effective March 1, 2010, reinsures 25% of the net premiums of the GMAC personal lines business, pursuant to a quota share reinsurance agreement ("NGHC Quota Share") with the GMAC personal lines insurance companies, as cedents, and Maiden Bermuda. Maiden Bermuda has a 50% participation in the NGHC Quota Share, by which it receives 25% of net premiums of the personal lines automobile business and assumes 25% of the related net losses.

The NGHC Quota Share provides that the reinsurers pay a provisional ceding commission equal to 32.5% of ceded earned premium, net of premiums ceded by the personal lines companies for inuring reinsurance, subject to adjustment. The ceding commission is subject to adjustment to a maximum of 34.5% if the loss ratio for the reinsured business is 60.0% or less and a minimum of 30.5% if the loss ratio is 64.5% or greater.

Effective October 1, 2012, the parties amended the reinsurance agreement to decrease the provisional ceding commission from 32.5% to 32.0% of ceded earned premium, net of premiums ceded by the personal lines companies for inuring reinsurance, subject to adjustment. The ceding commission is subject to adjustment to a minimum of 30.0% (changed from 30.5%), if the loss ratio is 64.5% or greater.

On August 1, 2013, the Company received notice from NGHC of the termination of the NGHC Quota Share effective on that date. The Company and NGHC mutually agreed that the termination is on a run-off basis, which means that Maiden Bermuda continues to earn premiums and remain liable for losses occurring subsequent to August 1, 2013 for any policies in force prior to and as of August 1, 2013 until those policies expire.

Maiden Bermuda recorded approximately \$1,862 and \$6,418 of ceding commission expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$22,101 and \$43,698, respectively) as a result of this transaction.



6. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Other

Effective April 1, 2013, Maiden US entered into a Medical Excess of Loss reinsurance agreement with wholly owned subsidiaries of NGHC, Distributors Insurance Company PCC, AIBD Insurance Company IC and Professional Services Captive Corporation IC. Pursuant to this agreement, Maiden US indemnifies on an excess of loss basis, for the amounts of net loss, paid from April 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014. Maiden US is liable, under layer 1 of this agreement, for 100% of the net loss for each covered person per agreement year in excess of the \$1,000 retention (each covered person per agreement year). Under this layer, Maiden US' liability shall not exceed \$4,000 per covered person per agreement year. Maiden US' liability under layer 2 of this agreement, for 100% of net loss for each covered person per agreement year in excess of layer 1. Maiden US' liability under layer 2 shall not exceed \$5,000 per covered person per agreement year. In addition to the coverage provided under layers 1 and 2, Maiden US indemnifies extra contractual obligations with a maximum liability of \$2,000.

Effective April 1, 2014, Maiden US renewed this agreement whereby Maiden US indemnifies, on an excess of loss basis, the amounts of net loss, paid from April 1, 2014 through March 31, 2015. Maiden US is liable for 100% of the net loss for each covered person per agreement year in excess of the \$1,100 retention (each covered person per agreement year). Maiden US' liability shall not exceed \$8,900 per covered person per agreement year. In addition to the coverage provided under layers 1 and 2, Maiden US continues to indemnify extra contractual obligations with a maximum liability of \$2,000. This agreement terminates on March 31, 2015 and, unless mutually agreed, Maiden US will be relieved of all liability hereunder for losses incurred or paid subsequent to such termination date.

Under these agreements, Maiden US recorded approximately \$56 and \$89 of premiums earned for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$9 and \$9, respectively).

7. Earnings per Common Share

The following is a summary of the elements used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	2014	2013
Numerator:		
Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders	\$ 31,888	\$ 23,299
Dividends on preference shares	(6,084)	(3,094)
Amount allocated to participating common shareholders ⁽¹⁾	(31)	(26)
Numerator for basic EPS - net income allocated to Maiden common shareholders	\$ 25,773	\$ 20,179
Potentially dilutive securities		
Dividends on convertible preference shares ⁽²⁾	2,991	—
Numerator for diluted EPS - net income allocated to Maiden common shareholders after assumed		
conversion	\$ 28,764	\$ 20,179
Denominator:		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic	72,860,243	72,454,400
Potentially dilutive securities:		
Share options and restricted share units	1,224,166	1,229,901
Convertible preference shares	10,681,876	—
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares and assumed conversions – diluted	84,766,285	 73,684,301
Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders:	\$ 0.35	\$ 0.28
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders ⁽²⁾ :	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.27



7. Earnings per Common Share (continued)

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2014		2013
Numerator:			
Net income attributable to Maiden shareholders	\$ 33,910	\$	51,379
Dividends on preference shares	(12,168)		(6,188)
Amount allocated to participating common shareholders ⁽¹⁾	(29)		(68)
Numerator for basic EPS - Net income allocated to Maiden common shareholders	\$ 21,713	\$	45,123
Potentially dilutive securities			
Dividends on convertible preference shares ⁽²⁾			
Numerator for diluted EPS - net income allocated to Maiden common shareholders after assumed			
conversion	\$ 21,713	\$	45,123
Denominator:			
Weighted average number of common shares – basic	72,784,598		72,435,982
Potentially dilutive securities:			
Share options and restricted share units	1,245,303		1,160,812
Convertible preference shares ⁽²⁾			—
Adjusted weighted average number of common shares and assumed conversions – diluted	74,029,901	_	73,596,794
Basic earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders:	\$ 0.30	\$	0.62
Diluted earnings per share attributable to Maiden common shareholders ⁽²⁾ :	\$ 0.29	\$	0.61

(1) This represents earnings allocated to the holders of non-vested restricted shares issued to Company's employees under the 2007 Share Incentive Plan.

(2) The effect of mandatory convertible preference shares were excluded in the calculation of diluted EPS for the six months ended June 30, 2014 as they were anti-dilutive. Please refer to "*Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements*" included under Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for the terms and conditions of each of these anti-dilutive instruments. Furthermore, the current number of additional common shares that could possibly be issued on conversion, if conversion after June 30, 2014 was permitted in accordance with the terms and conditions of Form 424B Prospectus Supplement filed with the SEC, is 54,723, an increase of 34,883 common shares since January 2, 2014.

8. Shareholders' Equity

As of June 30, 2014, the aggregate authorized share capital of the Company is 150,000,000 shares from which the Company has issued 73,845,844 common shares, of which 72,877,657 are outstanding, and issued 9,300,000 preference shares. The remaining 66,854,156 are undesignated as of June 30, 2014.

Treasury Shares

On February 19, 2014, the Company repurchased 5,851 shares from employees, at a price per share of \$11.18, which represents withholdings from employees surrendered in respect of tax obligations on the vesting of restricted shares.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following tables set forth financial information regarding the changes in the balances of each component of accumulated other comprehensive income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

8. Shareholders' Equity (continued)

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Change in net Foreign currency unrealized gains on translation investments adjustments		Total		
Beginning balance	\$ 72,688 \$ (9,093)				\$ 63,595
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		53,308		643	 53,951
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net realized gains on investment in the statement of income		418		_	418
Net current period other comprehensive income		53,726		643	54,369
Ending balance		126,414		(8,450)	 117,964
Less: Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to non controlling interest				14	14
Ending balance, Maiden shareholders	\$	126,414	\$	(8,464)	\$ 117,950
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013		Change in net realized gains on investments	F	oreign currency translation adjustments	Total
Beginning balance	\$	132,736	\$	347	\$ 133,083
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications		(83,489)		(1,569)	 (85,058)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net realized gains					

on investment in the statement of income	—	—	—
Net current period other comprehensive loss	(83,489)	(1,569)	(85,058)
Ending balance	49,247	(1,222)	48,025
Less: Accumulated other comprehensive loss attributable to non controlling interest	—	(10)	(10)
Ending balance, Maiden shareholders	\$ 49,247	\$ (1,212)	\$ 48,035

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Change in net Foreign currency unrealized gains on translation investments adjustments			Total	
Beginning balance	\$	34,728	 (8,927)	\$	25,801
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		91,339	 477	-	91,816
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net realized gains on investment in the statement of income		347	_		347
Net current period other comprehensive income		91,686	477		92,163
Ending balance		126,414	(8,450)		117,964
Less: Accumulated other comprehensive income attributable to non controlling interest		—	14		14
Ending balance, Maiden shareholders	\$	126,414	\$ (8,464)	\$	117,950

8. Shareholders' Equity (continued)

	ur	Change in net realized gains on		reign currency translation		_
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013		investments	adjustments			Total
Beginning balance	\$	143,665	\$	(2,539)	\$	141,126
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications		(91,337)		1,317		(90,020)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income to net realized gains						
on investment in the statement of income		(3,081)		—		(3,081)
Net current period other comprehensive (loss) income		(94,418)		1,317		(93,101)
Ending balance		49,247		(1,222)		48,025
Less: Accumulated other comprehensive loss attributable to non controlling interest				(10)		(10)
Ending balance, Maiden shareholders	\$	49,247	\$	(1,212)	\$	48,035

9. Share Based Compensation

The Company's Amended and Restated 2007 Share Incentive Plan (the "Plan") provides for grants of share options, restricted common shares and restricted share units. The total number of common shares currently reserved for issuance under the Plan is 10,000,000. The Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee").

Restricted Shares and Share Units

The fair value of each restricted share or share unit is determined based on the market value of the Company's common shares on the date of grant. The total estimated fair value is amortized as an expense over the requisite service period as determined by the Committee.

Share Options

Exercise prices of options are established at or above the fair market value of the Company's common shares at the date of grant. Under the Plan, unless otherwise determined by the Committee and provided in an award agreement, 25% of the options will become exercisable on the first anniversary of the grant date, with an additional 6.25% of the options vesting each quarter thereafter based on the grantee's continued employment over a four-year period, and will expire ten years after grant date.

Please refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a discussion on the techniques applied to determine the fair value of all share option awards and key assumptions used in determining this fair value.

The following schedule shows all options granted, exercised, expired and forfeited under the Plan for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Number of Share Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding, March 31, 2014	2,405,779	\$ 6.82	5.53 years
Granted	36,500	\$ 12.16	
Exercised	(23,417)	\$ 6.10	
Forfeited	(842)	\$ 7.74	
Outstanding, June 30, 2014	2,418,020	\$ 6.91	5.35 years

9. Share Based Compensation (continued)

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2013	Number of Share Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding, March 31, 2013	2,705,027	\$ 6.82	6.54 years
Granted	42,500	\$ 10.70	
Exercised	(73,580)	\$ 8.06	
Forfeited	(372)	\$ 7.67	
Outstanding, June 30, 2013	2,673,575	\$ 6.85	6.39 years

Weighted

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Number of Share Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding, December 31, 2013	2,439,413	\$	6.76	5.75 years
Granted	45,000	\$	12.01	
Exercised	(65,551)	\$	4.98	
Forfeited	(842)	\$	7.74	
Outstanding, June 30, 2014	2,418,020	\$	6.91	5.35 years
				Weighted
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013	Number of Share Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Term
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Outstanding, December 31, 2012	Share	\$	Average Exercise	Remaining Contractual
	Share Options	\$ \$	Average Exercise Price	Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding, December 31, 2012	Share Options 2,795,437	\$	Average Exercise Price 6.70	Remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding, December 31, 2012 Granted	Share Options 2,795,437 49,000	\$	Average Exercise Price 6.70 10.61	Remaining Contractual Term

The weighted average grant date fair value was \$2.09 and \$2.03 for all options outstanding at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. There was approximately \$465 and \$513 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non- vested options as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, which will be recognized during the next 4 years. The Company issues new common shares upon the exercise of an option. In connection with these exercises, there was no tax benefit realized by the Company.

Performance-Based Restricted Share Units (PB-RSUs)

The Committee approved the formation of a long-term incentive program under the Plan on March 1, 2011. On that date, the Committee determined to award PB-RSUs to certain senior leaders of the Company. The formula for determining the amount of PB-RSUs awarded uses a combination of a percentage of the employee's base salary (based on a benchmarking analysis from our compensation consultant) divided by the closing price on NASDAQ Global Select Market of our common shares on that date. The grants are performance based which require that certain criteria such as return on equity, underwriting performance, revenue growth and operating expense be met during the performance period to attain a payout. Each metric has a corresponding weighted percentage with a target, threshold and maximum level of performance goal set to achieve a payout. All prior, current and future PB-RSUs are paid 50% based on the certain criteria stated above, while the other 50% of the payout is at the discretion of the Committee based on individual performance. Settlement of the grants can be made in either common shares or cash upon the decision of the Committee. The first performance cycle was for two years, 2011-2012, and subsequent performance cycles are for three years. For the years 2011-2012, no RSUs vested as the target level of performance was not met.

9. Share Based Compensation (continued)

Effective March 1, 2012, February 19, 2013 and February 18, 2014, the Committee approved the award of PB-RSUs to executive officers and senior Company employees for the fiscal years 2012-2014, 2013-2015 and 2014-2016, respectively. All prior, current and future PB-RSUs are paid 50% based on certain criteria such as return on equity, underwriting performance, revenue growth and operating expense being met during the performance period, while the other 50% of the payout is at the discretion of the Committee based on individual performance. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, no accrual was recognized in any of the above indicated plan as the calculated weighted percentage of the performance results of the Company did not meet the target levels for the respective fiscal years related to each plan.

CEO Non-Performance-Based Restricted Share Units ("NPB-RSUs")

On March 1, 2012, the Committee approved an award of NPB-RSUs to the Company's CEO. The award consists of 86,705 restricted share units which fully vested on December 31, 2013. Each share unit has a fair value of \$8.56 which was amortized over 22 months. The share units were issued to the Company's CEO 2.5 months after the vesting date.

On February 19, 2013, the Committee approved an award of NPB-RSUs to the Company's CEO. The award consists of 149,701 restricted share units, of which one-third automatically vested on February 19, 2014, with the next one-third automatically vesting on February 19, 2015, and of which the final one-third will automatically vest on February 19, 2016. Each share unit has a fair value of \$10.02 which is amortized over 36 months. The total fair value of the share units vested for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$500 and \$500, respectively.

On February 18, 2014, the Committee approved an award of NPB-RSUs to the Company's CEO. The award consists of 70,298 restricted share units, of which one-third will automatically vest on December 31, 2014, with the next one-third automatically vesting on December 31, 2015, and of which the final one-third will automatically vest on December 31, 2016. The units shall be settled no later than 2.5 months after expiration of the three respective vesting dates. Each share unit has a fair value of \$11.38 which is amortized over 36 months.

Non-CEO Discretionary Non-Performance-Based Restricted Shares ("NPB-RSs")

On February 19, 2013, pursuant to the Plan, the Committee approved an award of NPB-RSs to certain senior leaders of the Company. The award consists of 95,590 restricted shares, 50% of which vested on February 19, 2014, the first anniversary of the grant date, with an additional 50% due to vest on the second anniversary of the grant date. Each share unit has a fair value of \$10.02.

On February 18, 2014, pursuant to the Plan, the Committee approved an award of NPB-RSs to non-CEO named executive officers and senior leaders of the Company. The award consists of 38,522 restricted shares, 50% of which will vest on January 1, 2015, with an additional 50% due to vest on January 1, 2016. Each share unit has a fair value of \$11.38.

The Company recorded share based expenses (a component of salaries and benefits) in accordance with ASC Topic 718 "Compensation - Stock Compensation" in the amount of \$468 and \$965 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, (June 30, 2013 - \$851 and \$1,160, respectively).

10. Dividends Declared

On May 6, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the following quarterly dividends:

	Divid	lend per Share	Payable on:	Record date:
Common shares	\$	0.11	July 14, 2014	July 1, 2014
Preference shares - Series A	\$	0.515625	June 16, 2014	June 1, 2014
Preference Shares - Series B	\$	0.90625	June 16, 2014	June 1, 2014

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (in thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data)

11. Commitments and Contingencies

There are no material changes from the commitments and contingencies previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Legal Proceedings

Except as noted below, the Company is not a party to any material legal proceedings. From time to time, the Company is subject to routine legal proceedings, including arbitrations, arising in the ordinary course of business. These legal proceedings generally relate to claims asserted by or against the Company in the ordinary course of insurance operations. Based on the Company's opinion, the eventual outcome of these legal proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

In April 2009, the Company learned that Bentzion S. Turin, the former Chief Operating Officer, General Counsel and Secretary of Maiden Holdings and Maiden Bermuda, sent a letter to the U.S. Department of Labor claiming that his employment with the Company was terminated in retaliation for corporate whistle blowing in violation of the whistle blower protection provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Mr. Turin alleged concerns regarding corporate governance with respect to negotiation of the terms of the Trust Preferred Securities Offering and seeks reinstatement as Chief Operating Officer, General Counsel and Secretary of Maiden Holdings and Maiden Bermuda, back pay and legal fees incurred. On December 31, 2009, the U.S. Secretary of Labor found no reasonable cause for Mr. Turin's claim and dismissed the complaint in its entirety. Mr. Turin objected to the Secretary's findings and requested a hearing before an administrative law judge in the U.S. Department of Labor. The Company moved to dismiss Mr. Turin's complaint, and its motion was granted by the Administrative Law Judge on June 30, 2011.

On July 13, 2011, Mr. Turin filed a petition for review of the Administrative Law Judge's decision with the Administrative Review Board in the U.S. Department of Labor. The Company filed its brief in opposition to the petition for review on October 19, 2011. On March 29, 2013, the Administrative Review Board reversed the dismissal of the complaint on procedural grounds, and remanded the case to the administrative law judge. A hearing is presently scheduled to begin in September 2014. The Company believes that it had ample reason for terminating such employment for good and sufficient legal cause, and the Company believes that the claim is without merit and is vigorously defending this claim.

12. Subsequent Events

Dividends

On July 24, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the following quarterly dividends:

	Div	idend per Share	Payable on:	Record date:
Common shares	\$	0.11	October 15, 2014	October 1, 2014
Preference shares - Series A	\$	0.515625	September 15, 2014	September 1, 2014
Preference shares - Series B	\$	0.90625	September 15, 2014	September 1, 2014

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Form 10-Q" or this "Report"). References in this Form 10-Q to the terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company" or other similar terms mean the consolidated operations of Maiden Holdings, Ltd. and its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. References in this Form 10-Q to the term "Maiden Holdings" means Maiden Holdings, Ltd. only. Amounts in tables may not reconcile due to rounding differences.

Note on Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes projections concerning financial information and statements concerning future economic performance and events, plans and objectives relating to management, operations, products and services, and assumptions underlying these projections and statements. These projections and statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are not historical facts but instead represent only our belief regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and outside our control. These projections and statements may address, among other things, our strategy for growth, product development, financial results and reserves. Actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from these projections and statements and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those in the specific projections and statements are discussed throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 4, 2014. The projections and statements in this Report speak only as of the date of this Report and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Overview

We are a Bermuda-based holding company formed in June 2007 primarily focused on serving the needs of regional and specialty insurers in the U.S. and Europe by providing innovative reinsurance solutions designed to support their capital needs. We specialize in reinsurance solutions that optimize financing by providing coverage within the more predictable and actuarially credible lower layers of coverage and/or reinsuring risks that are believed to be lower hazard, more predictable and generally not susceptible to significant claims from natural catastrophes. Our tailored solutions include a variety of value added services focused on helping our clients grow and prosper.

We have operations in Bermuda and the United States which provide reinsurance through our wholly owned subsidiaries, Maiden Reinsurance Ltd. ("Maiden Bermuda") and Maiden Reinsurance North America, Inc. ("Maiden US"). Maiden Bermuda and Maiden US changed their legal entity names in May 2014 from Maiden Insurance Company Ltd. and Maiden Reinsurance Company, respectively. Maiden Bermuda does not underwrite any direct insurance business. Maiden Life Försäkrings AB ("Maiden LF") is a life insurer organized in Sweden and writes credit life insurance on a primary basis in support of Maiden Global Holdings, Ltd.'s ("Maiden Global") business development efforts.

Our business consists of the following reportable segments: Diversified Reinsurance, AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance and NGHC Quota Share (which is currently in run-off).

The market conditions in which we operate have historically been cyclical, experiencing periods of price erosion followed by rate strengthening as a result of catastrophes or other significant losses that affect the overall capacity of the industry to provide coverage. During the periods covered by this report, the reinsurance market has continued to be characterized by significant competition in most lines of business. The influx of new capital from sources not considered traditional investors in the reinsurance industry continues to increase, primarily in the property catastrophe segment of the reinsurance market, which is further enhancing overall industry competitive conditions.

While the business we write as part of our business model remains somewhat more insulated from these competitive conditions, we are experiencing residual pricing pressures as a result of these broader industry conditions. As market conditions continue to develop, we continue to maintain our adherence to disciplined underwriting by declining business when pricing, terms and conditions do not meet our underwriting standards. We believe that we are well positioned to take advantage of market conditions should the pricing environment become more favorable.

Since our founding in 2007, we have entered into a series of significant strategic and capital transactions that have transformed the scope and scale of our business while maintaining our low volatility, non-catastrophe risk profile. These transactions have increased our gross premiums written to in excess of \$2.2 billion in 2013 while significantly enhancing our total capital resources to approximately \$1.6 billion as of June 30, 2014.

On January 15, 2014, the Company's wholly owned U.S. holding company, Maiden Holdings North America ("Maiden NA"), repurchased all of the outstanding Trust Preferred Securities (the "TRUPS Offering"), the proceeds from the TRUPS Offering were used to finance the issuance of subordinated debentures (the "Junior Subordinated Debt") in January 2009, with a face value of \$152.5 million, which substantially lowers our cost of capital. The Company utilized the net proceeds of its Senior Note offering in November 2013 ("2013 Senior Notes"), as well as cash on hand, to redeem the Junior Subordinated Debt. As a result of the

redemption, during the six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company incurred a non-recurring, non-cash charge of \$28.2 million, which represents the accelerated amortization of original issuance discount and write off of issuance costs associated with the Junior Subordinated Debt.

Please refer to 'Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations' section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a discussion of the strategic and capital transactions the Company has entered into since our inception.

Second Quarter and six months ended June 30 2014 and 2013 Financial Highlights

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	 2014		2013	% Change			
	(\$ in Millions except per share data)						
Summary Consolidated Statement of Income Data:							
Net Income	\$ 31.9	\$	23.3	36.8 %			
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$ 25.8	\$	20.2	27.7 %			
Operating earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$ 28.2	\$	20.4	38.1 %			
Basic earnings per common share:							
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders ⁽²⁾	\$ 0.35	\$	0.28	25.0 %			
Operating earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$ 0.39	\$	0.28	39.3 %			
Diluted earnings per common share:							
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders ⁽²⁾	\$ 0.34	\$	0.27	25.9 %			
Operating earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$ 0.37	\$	0.28	32.1 %			
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.11	\$	0.09	22.2 %			
Dividends per preference share - Series A	\$ 0.515625	\$	0.515625	— %			
Dividends per preference share - Series B	\$ 0.90625	\$	—	100.0 %			
Gross premiums written	\$ 560.0	\$	535.5	4.6 %			
Net premiums earned	\$ 531.9	\$	513.3	3.6 %			
Underwriting income ⁽³⁾	\$ 15.1	\$	17.3	(12.9)%			
Net investment income	\$ 28.1	\$	20.7	35.5 %			
Combined ratio ⁽⁴⁾	98.0%		97.6%	0.4 %			

Annualized operating return on average common shareholders' equity ${}^{\!\!\!(1)}$

39

9.7%

13.0%

34.0 %

For the Six Months Ended June 30,		2014		2013	% Change
		(\$ in Millions ex	cept per	share data)	
Summary Consolidated Statement of Income Data:					
Net Income	\$	34.0	\$	51.5	(33.9)%
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	21.7	\$	45.2	(51.9)%
Operating earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$	53.7	\$	41.5	29.6 %
Basic earnings per common share:					
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders ⁽²⁾	\$	0.30	\$	0.62	(51.6)%
Operating earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.74	\$	0.57	29.8 %
Diluted earnings per common share:					
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders ⁽²⁾	\$	0.29	\$	0.61	(52.5)%
Operating earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$	0.70	\$	0.56	25.0 %
Dividends per common share	\$	0.22	\$	0.18	22.2 %
Dividends per preference share - Series A	\$	1.03125	\$	1.03125	— %
Dividends per preference share - Series B	\$	1.81250			100.0 %
Gross premiums written	\$	1,282.4	\$	1,250.2	2.6 %
Net premiums earned	\$	1,051.1	\$	1,001.7	4.9 %
Underwriting income ⁽³⁾	\$	30.3	\$	32.3	(6.1)%
Net investment income	\$	55.9	\$	42.7	31.0 %
		07.00/		07 60/	0.2.0/
Combined Ratio ⁽⁴⁾		97.8%		97.6%	0.2 %
Annualized operating return on average common shareholders' equity ⁽¹⁾		12.6%		10.0%	26.0 %
	Ju	me 30, 2014		ember 31, 2013	% Change
Summary Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:		(\$ in Millions ex	cept per s	snare data)	
Total investments					
	\$	3,236.7	\$	3,167.2	2.2 %
Total assets	\$ \$	3,236.7 5,020.8	\$ \$	3,167.2 4,713.4	
					6.5 %
	\$	5,020.8	\$	4,713.4	6.5 % 7.5 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses	\$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7	\$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)%
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾	\$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0	\$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4	2.2 % 6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity	\$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)%
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)%
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)%
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾ Ratio of total debt to total capital resources	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)% (24.8)%
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾ Ratio of total debt to total capital resources Book Value:	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9 22.7%	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2 30.2 %	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)% (24.8)% 11.8 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾ Ratio of total debt to total capital resources Book Value: Book value per common share ⁽⁷⁾	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9 22.7%	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2 30.2 %	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)% (24.8)% 11.8 % 12.5 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾ Ratio of total debt to total capital resources Book Value: Book value per common share ⁽⁷⁾ Accumulated dividends per common share	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9 22.7% 12.46 1.98	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2 30.2 % 111.14 1.76	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses Total debt ⁽⁵⁾ Total Maiden common shareholders' equity Total Maiden shareholders' equity Total capital resources ⁽⁶⁾ Ratio of total debt to total capital resources Book Value: Book value per common share ⁽⁷⁾ Accumulated dividends per common share Book value per common share plus accumulated dividends	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,020.8 2,104.7 360.0 907.9 1,222.9 1,582.9 22.7% 12.46 1.98 14.44	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4,713.4 1,957.8 486.4 808.8 1,123.8 1,610.2 30.2 % 111.14 1.76 12.90	6.5 % 7.5 % (26.0)% 12.3 % 8.8 % (1.7)% (24.8)% 11.8 % 12.5 %

(1) Operating earnings, operating earnings per common share and operating return on average common equity are non-generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") financial measures. See "*Non-GAAP Financial Measures*" for additional information and a reconciliation to the nearest U.S. GAAP financial measure (net income).

- (2) Please refer to "Note 7. Earnings per Common Share" of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per common share.
- (3) Underwriting income is calculated as net premiums earned plus other insurance revenue less net loss and loss adjustment expenses, commission and other acquisition expenses and general and administrative expenses directly related to underwriting activities.
- (4) Calculated by adding together the net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio, commission and other acquisition expense ratio and general and administrative expense ratio.
- (5) Total debt in 2014 is the Company's Senior Notes and in 2013, it is the sum of the Company's Senior Notes and Junior Subordinated Debt.
- (6) Total capital resources is the sum of the Company's debt and Maiden shareholders' equity. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for additional information.
- (7) Book value per common share is calculated using common shareholders' equity (shareholders' equity excluding the aggregate liquidation value of our preference shares) divided by the number of common shares outstanding.
- (8) Diluted book value per common share is calculated by dividing common shareholders' equity, adjusted for assumed proceeds from the exercise of dilutive options, by the number of outstanding common shares plus dilutive options and restricted share units (assuming exercise of all dilutive stock based awards). The Mandatory Convertible Preference Shares Series B are excluded as they are anti-dilutive as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In presenting the Company's results, management has included and discussed certain non-GAAP financial measures. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures, which may be defined differently by other companies, better explain the Company's results of operations in a manner that allows for a more complete understanding of the underlying trends in the Company's business. However these measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP measures are:

Operating Earnings and Operating Earnings per Common Share: In addition to presenting net income determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we believe that showing operating earnings enables investors, analysts, rating agencies and other users of our financial information to more easily analyze our results of operations in a manner similar to how management analyzes our underlying business performance. Operating earnings should not be viewed as a substitute for U.S. GAAP net income. Operating earnings are an internal performance measure used in the management of our operations and represents operating results excluding, as applicable on a recurring basis, the following:

- Net realized and unrealized gains or losses on investment;
- Foreign exchange and other gains or losses;
- Amortization of intangible assets; and
- Non-cash deferred tax expenses.

We exclude net realized and unrealized gains or losses on investment and foreign exchange and other gains or losses as we believe that both are heavily influenced in part by market opportunities and other factors. We do not believe amortization of intangible assets are representative of our ongoing business. We believe all of these amounts are largely independent of our business and underwriting process and including them distorts the analysis of trends in our operations.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, we also exclude certain non-recurring expenditures that are material to understanding our results of operations. There were no such non-recurring items in 2013. In 2014, non-recurring items included:

- Loss and related activity from our divested Excess & Surplus ("E&S") business as it has been in run-off for over one year following the sale to Brit Global Specialty ("Brit") effective May 1, 2013;
- The interest expense incurred on our 2013 Senior Notes prior to the redemption of the outstanding Junior Subordinated Debt given the one time nature of the additional funding cost; and
- The accelerated amortization of the Junior Subordinated Debt discount and the write off of the associated issuance costs.

The following is a reconciliation of operating earnings to its most closely related GAAP measure, net income:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014 2013			2014			2013	
			(\$ in Millions ex		cept per share data)			
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	25.8	\$	20.2	\$	21.7	\$	45.2
Add (subtract):								
Net realized (gains) losses on investment		(0.6)		0.1		(0.7)		(3.2)
Foreign exchange and other gains		(0.9)		(1.0)		(1.0)		(2.6)
Amortization of intangible assets		0.8		0.9		1.6		1.9
Divested E&S business		2.8				2.8		_
Interest expense incurred related to 2013 Senior Notes prior to actual redemption of the junior subordinated debt		_		_		0.5		_
Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance costs		_				28.2		_
Non-cash deferred tax expense		0.3		0.2		0.6		0.2
Operating earnings attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	28.2	\$	20.4	\$	53.7	\$	41.5
Operating earnings per common share:								
Basic operating earnings per common share	\$	0.39	\$	0.28	\$	0.74	\$	0.57
Diluted operating earnings per common share	\$	0.37	\$	0.28	\$	0.70	\$	0.56
			-		-			

Operating Return on Average Common Equity ("Operating ROACE"): Management uses Operating ROACE as a measure of profitability that focuses on the return to Maiden common shareholders. It is calculated using operating earnings available to common shareholders (as defined above) divided by average Maiden common shareholders' equity. Management has set as a long-term target an average of 15% Operating ROACE, which management believes provides an attractive return to shareholders for the risk assumed from our business. The repayment of the Junior Subordinated Debt in the first quarter of 2014 is a crucial step in advancing the Company closer to that goal. Operating ROACE for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is computed as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014			2013	2014			2013	
	(\$ in Millions)					(\$ in Millions)			
Operating earnings attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	28.2	\$	20.4	\$	53.7	\$	41.5	
Opening common shareholders' equity	\$	835.2	\$	876.3	\$	808.8	\$	865.2	
Ending common shareholders' equity	\$	907.9	\$	806.4	\$	907.9	\$	806.4	
Average common shareholders' equity	\$	871.5	\$	841.3	\$	858.4	\$	835.8	
Operating return on average common equity		13.0%		9.7%		12.6%		10.0%	

Operating earnings attributable to Maiden common shareholders increased \$7.8 million, or 38.1%, and \$12.2 million, or 29.6%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. This increase for both periods is mainly due to higher investment income combined with lower interest and amortization expense, offset by additional preference share dividend payments on the Preference Shares - Series B issued in October 2013.

Book Value per Common Share and Diluted Book Value per Common Share: Management uses growth in both of these metrics as a prime measure of the value we are generating for our common shareholders, as management believes that growth in each metric ultimately results in growth in the Company's common share price. These metrics are impacted by the Company's net income and external factors such as interest rates, which can drive changes in unrealized gains or losses on our investment portfolio. The 11.8% and 12.1% increase in book value per common share and diluted book value per common share, respectively, as of June 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013 was principally the result of an increase of \$92.2 million in accumulated other comprehensive income, reflecting the impact of lower interest rates on the fair value of Maiden's fixed income investment portfolio during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (see "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Investments" on page 55 for further information), combined with an increase in retained earnings due to improved investment income and reduced interest expenses offset by dividend payments on both our common and preference shares and the non-recurring charges related to the accelerated amortization of the Junior Subordinated Debt discount and issuance cost incurred during the first quarter. Book Value per Common Share and Diluted Book Value per Common Share as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are computed as follows:

	J	une 30, 2014	De	cember 31, 2013
		(\$ in Millions exc	ept pe	r share data)
Ending common shareholders' equity	\$	907.9	\$	808.8
Proceeds from assumed conversion of dilutive options		16.1		19.1
Numerator for diluted book value per common share calculation	\$	924.0	\$	827.9
			_	
Common shares outstanding		72,877,657		72,633,561
Shares issued from assumed conversion of dilutive options and restricted share units		2,645,439		3,176,433
Denominator for diluted book value per common share calculation		75,523,096		75,809,994
Book value per common share	\$	12.46	\$	11.14
Diluted book value per common share	\$	12.24	\$	10.92

Ratio of Debt to Total Capital Resources: Management uses the Ratio of Debt to Total Capital Resources to monitor the financial leverage of the Company. This measure is calculated using total debt divided by the the sum of total Maiden shareholders' equity and total debt. Ratio of Debt to Total Capital Resources as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is computed as follows:

	 June 30, 2014	Dec	ember 31, 2013	
	(\$ in M	Aillions)		
Senior notes	\$ 360.0	\$	360.0	
Junior subordinated debt	_		126.4	
Total debt	 360.0		486.4	
Maiden shareholders' equity	1,222.9		1,123.8	
Total capital resources	\$ 1,582.9	\$	1,610.2	
Ratio of debt to total capital resources	 22.7%		30.2%	

The repayment of the Junior Subordinated Debt in the first quarter of 2014 combined with the increase in shareholder's equity described above caused the reduction in the ratio.

Certain Operating Measures and Relevant Factors

Refer to "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a general discussion on "Certain Operating Measures" utilized by the Company and the "Relevant Factors" associated with these Certain Operating Measures.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The Company's critical accounting policies and estimates are discussed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC on March 4, 2014. The critical accounting policies and estimates should be read in conjunction with "Part I, Item 1 - Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies" included in this Form 10Q and "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies" included Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC. There have been no material changes in the application of our critical accounting estimates subsequent to that report.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our selected unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income data for each of the periods indicated:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		2014		2013		2014		2013	
		(\$ in N	Aillions)		(\$ in 1	Aillion	s)	
Gross premiums written	\$	560.0	\$	535.5	\$	1,282.4	\$	1,250.2	
Net premiums written	\$	540.9	\$	497.9	\$	1,250.8	\$	1,187.0	
Net premiums earned	\$	531.9	\$	513.3	\$	1,051.1	\$	1,001.7	
Other insurance revenue		2.9		2.8		8.0		8.0	
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		(351.2)		(343.3)		(702.5)		(678.2)	
Commission and other acquisition expenses		(157.4)		(143.6)		(303.5)		(275.9)	
General and administrative expenses		(11.1)		(11.9)		(22.8)		(23.3)	
Underwriting income		15.1		17.3		30.3		32.3	
Other general and administrative expenses		(4.3)		(4.9)		(7.5)		(7.6)	
Net investment income		28.1		20.7		55.9		42.7	
Net realized gains (losses) on investments		0.6		(0.1)		0.7		3.2	
Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost				_		(28.2)		_	
Amortization of intangible assets		(0.8)		(0.9)		(1.6)		(1.9)	
Foreign exchange and other gains		0.9		1.0		1.0		2.6	
Interest and amortization expenses		(7.2)		(9.6)		(15.2)		(19.1)	
Income tax expense		(0.5)		(0.2)		(1.4)		(0.7)	
Net Income		31.9		23.3		34.0		51.5	
Income attributable to noncontrolling interest		—		—		(0.1)		(0.1)	
Dividends on preference shares		(6.1)		(3.1)		(12.2)		(6.2)	
Net income attributable to Maiden common shareholders	\$	25.8	\$	20.2	\$	21.7	\$	45.2	
Ratios									
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio*		65.7%		66.5%		66.3%		67.2%	
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio**		29.4%		27.8%		28.7%		27.3%	
General and administrative expense ratio***		2.9%		3.3%		2.8%		3.1%	
Expense ratio****		32.3%		31.1%		31.5%		30.4%	
Combined ratio*****		98.0%		97.6%		97.8%		97.6%	

* Calculated by dividing net loss and loss adjustment expenses by the sum of net premiums earned and other insurance revenue.

** Calculated by dividing commission and other acquisition expenses by the sum of net premiums earned and other insurance revenue.

*** Calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses by the sum of net premiums earned and other insurance revenue.

**** Calculated by adding together commission and other acquisition expense ratio and general and administrative expense ratio.

***** Calculated by adding together net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio and the expense ratio.

Net Income

Net income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$31.9 million and \$34.0 million compared to net income of \$23.3 million and \$51.5 million for the same periods in 2013, respectively.

Net income declined for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013 due to the redemption of the Company's Junior Subordinated Debt in the first quarter of 2014 which resulted in the Company recording a non-recurring, non-cash charge of \$28.2 million, which represents the accelerated amortization of original issue discount and write off of issuance costs associated with the Junior Subordinated Debt.

Excluding this non-recurring, non-cash charge, net income increased by 36.8% and 21.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively, as strongly improved investment income and reduced interest expense was offset by lower underwriting income. Underwriting income declined as continued premium growth was offset by a

marginally higher combined ratio which includes the impact of loss activity and additional reinstatement premiums related to the divested E&S property business of Maiden Specialty Insurance Company ("Maiden Specialty") of \$2.8 million The improvement in investment income reflects the 19.0% and 18.5% increase in average invested assets, along with an improvement in our overall portfolio yields, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively.

The following is a summary of the results by reportable segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively:

Net Premiums Written

Net premiums written increased by \$43.0 million, or 8.6%, and \$63.8 million, or 5.4%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase in net premiums written was primarily the result of strong growth in business written in both the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance and the Diversified Reinsurance segments offset by reductions in the NGHC Quota Share segment, which was mutually terminated in 2013 and is in run-off. The tables below compare net premiums written by reportable segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	2014			2013				Change in			
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%		
	(\$ ii	n Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		(\$	n Millions)			
Diversified Reinsurance	\$	168.9	31.2 %	\$	134.9	27.0%	\$	34.0	25.2 %		
AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance		372.0	68.8 %		290.6	58.4%		81.4	28.0 %		
NGHC Quota Share		—	— %		72.4	14.6%		(72.4)	(100.0)%		
Total	\$	540.9	100.0 %	\$	497.9	100.0%	\$	43.0	8.6 %		
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		20 1	14		20	13		Chang	ge in		
For the Six Months Ended June 30,	- <u> </u>	201 Total	14 % of Total		20 Total	13 % of Total		Chang \$	ge in %		
For the Six Months Ended June 30,	(\$ i			(\$1			(\$1				
For the Six Months Ended June 30, Diversified Reinsurance	(\$ i \$	Total		× -	Total			\$			
	X .	Total	% of Total	× -	Total in Millions)	% of Total		\$	%		
Diversified Reinsurance	X .	Total n Millions) 460.6	% of Total 36.8%	× -	Total in Millions) 402.5	% of Total 33.9%		\$	% 14.4 %		

The increase in net premiums written in our AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013 reflects AmTrust's continued expansion through ongoing organic growth and improved rate levels, particularly in its U.S. workers' compensation business.

Net premiums written in our Diversified Reinsurance segment increased by \$34.0 million, or 25.2%, and \$58.1 million, or 14.4% during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively, primarily due to growth in the business written by Maiden US. This growth is somewhat offset by the reduction following the divestiture of the E&S business previously written by Maiden Specialty to Brit effective May 1, 2013. Refer to "Underwriting Results by Operating Segment - Diversified Segment" on page 49 for further information.

The decrease in net premiums written in our NGHC Quota Share segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, is due to the mutually agreed termination, effective August 1, 2013, of Maiden Bermuda's participation in the NGHC Quota Share.

Net Premiums Earned

Net premiums earned increased by \$18.6 million, or 3.6%, and \$49.4 million, or 4.9%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase in net premiums earned was primarily the result of strong growth in business written in the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment with continued growth in the earned premiums in the Diversified Reinsurance segment. These increases were somewhat offset by diminishing premiums earned in the NGHC Quota Share segment which is in run-off. The table below compares net premiums earned by reportable segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	2014				20)13	Change in			
		Total	% of Total		Total % of Total			\$	%	
	(\$ ii	n Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		(\$	n Millions)		
Diversified Reinsurance	\$	200.9	37.8%	\$	178.4	34.8%	\$	22.5	12.6 %	
AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance		324.9	61.1%		261.4	50.9%		63.5	24.3 %	
NGHC Quota Share		6.1	1.1%		73.5	14.3%		(67.4)	(91.7)%	
Total	\$	531.9	100.0%	\$	513.3	100.0%	\$	18.6	3.6 %	
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		20)14		20	013		Char	nge in	
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		20 Total)14 % of Total		20 Total)13 % of Total		Char \$	nge in %	
For the Six Months Ended June 30,				(\$			(\$		0	
For the Six Months Ended June 30, Diversified Reinsurance		Total			Total			\$	0	
	(\$ ir	Total Millions)	% of Total		Total in Millions)	% of Total		\$ in Millions)	%	
Diversified Reinsurance	(\$ ir	Total Millions) 400.2	% of Total 38.1%		Total in Millions) 374.6	% of Total 37.4%		\$ in Millions) 25.6	% 6.8 %	

The increase in net premiums earned in the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013 reflects AmTrust's continued expansion through ongoing organic growth and improved rate levels, particularly in its U.S. workers' compensation business.

Net premiums earned in our Diversified Reinsurance segment increased by \$22.5 million, or 12.6%, and \$25.6 million, or 6.8%, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The growth in the U.S. is due to both new accounts and organic growth from certain existing Maiden U.S. accounts. These increases were partially offset by the decrease in earned premiums in Maiden Specialty, following the divestiture of our E&S business to Brit effective May 1, 2013. Refer to "Underwriting Results by Operating Segment - Diversified Segment" on page 49 for further information.

The net premiums earned in the NGHC Quota Share segment decreased by \$67.4 million, or 91.7%, and \$124.3 million, or 85.5% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The decrease was a result of the mutually agreed termination of Maiden Bermuda's participation in the NGHC Quota Share effective August 1, 2013.

Other Insurance Revenue

Other insurance revenue, which represents the fee business that is not directly associated with premium revenue assumed by the Company, remained flat for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. Revenue from our German auto business represents 64.4% and 69.6% of other insurance revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to 49.1% and 69.1% for the same periods in 2013, respectively. Other insurance revenue from the German auto business increased by \$0.5 million, or 34.1%, and \$0.1 million, or 0.8%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. In addition, other insurance revenue earned by our remaining operations, primarily from U.S. and Russia, decreased \$0.4 million, or 28.4%, and \$0.1 million, or 1.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013 million, or 1.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. In addition, other insurance revenue earned by our remaining operations, primarily from U.S. and Russia, decreased \$0.4 million, or 28.4%, and \$0.1 million, or 1.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively.

Net Investment Income and Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investment

Net Investment Income - Net investment income increased by \$7.4 million, or 35.5%, and \$13.2 million, or 31.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The following table details the Company's average invested assets and average book yield for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013:

	Fo	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the S Ended			
		2014		2013		2014		2013	
		(\$ in]	Millions		(\$ in Millions)				
Average invested assets ⁽¹⁾	\$	3,649.6	\$	3,067.3	\$	3,625.2	\$	3,060.2	
Average book yield ⁽²⁾		3.1%		2.7%		3.1%		2.8%	

⁽¹⁾The average of the sum of the Company's investments, cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loan to related party and due to broker as of each quarter during the year. ⁽²⁾ Ratio of net investment income over average invested assets, at fair value. The increase in net investment income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013 is the result of the growth in average invested assets of 19.0% and 18.5% respectively, combined with improvement on our overall portfolio yields, for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. The growth in average invested assets during this period compared to the same period in 2013 is the result of: 1) our continued profitable growth; 2) strong positive cash flow from operations during the period reported; and 3) the net proceeds from the Preference Shares - Series B offering.

Despite the continuing effects of historically low interest rates, the improvement in investment income in the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013 is primarily due to: 1) the aforementioned growth in invested assets; and 2) lower prepayments on the Company's U.S. government agency mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") portfolio, resulting in reduced amortization expense for those securities purchased at a premium.

Net Realized Gains (Losses) on Investment - Net realized gains on investment were \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to net realized losses of \$0.1 million and net realized gains of \$3.2 million for the same periods in 2013, respectively. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Investments" on page 55 for further information.

Net Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Net loss and loss adjustment expenses increased by \$7.9 million, or 2.3%, and \$24.3 million, or 3.6%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The net loss and loss adjustment expense ratios were 65.7% and 66.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 66.5% and 67.2% for the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase in net loss and loss adjustment expense reflects the continued underwriting growth in both the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment and the Diversified Reinsurance segment. The overall decrease in the net loss and loss adjustment expense ratios in the net loss and loss adjustment expense ratios in the Diversified Reinsurance and NGHC Quota Share Reinsurance segments.

Commission and Other Acquisition Expenses

Commission and other acquisition expenses increased by \$13.8 million, or 9.6%, and \$27.6 million, or 10.0%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The commission and other acquisition expense ratio increased to 29.4% and 28.7% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 27.8% and 27.3% for the same periods in 2013, respectively. The change in the amount of expenses incurred reflects the continuing premium growth of the Company's business as discussed while the change in the ratio largely reflects: (1) continued growth and ongoing changes in the mix of business in the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment; and (2) the impact of a higher mix of earned premium on prorata contracts, which incur a higher commission expense compared to excess of loss treaties.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses include expenses which are segregated for analytical purposes as a component of underwriting income. General and administrative expenses comprise:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014			2013		2014		2013	
	(\$ in Millions)				(\$ in N	Aillions)			
General and administrative expenses – segments	\$	11.1	\$	11.9	\$	22.8	\$	23.3	
General and administrative expenses – corporate		4.3		4.9		7.5		7.6	
Total general and administrative expenses	\$	15.4	\$	16.8	\$	30.3	\$	30.9	
General and administrative expense ratio		2.9%		3.3%		2.8%		3.1%	

Total general and administrative expenses decreased by \$1.4 million, or 8.4%, and \$0.6 million, or 1.9%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. Corporate general and administrative expenses remained flat with the decrease in the general and administrative expense ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 reflecting the continuing growth of larger quota share accounts which enable the Company to operate more efficiently.

Interest and Amortization Expenses

The interest and amortization expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 consist of:

	For	the Three Jun	Months e 30,	Ended	For the S Ended		
	2	2014	2	013	2014		2013
		(\$ in M	fillions)		(\$ in N	Aillions)	
Junior subordinated debt	\$		\$	5.4	\$ 0.8	\$	10.7
Senior notes		7.2		4.2	14.4		8.4
Total	\$	7.2	\$	9.6	\$ 15.2	\$	19.1

The decrease in interest and amortization expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013 was the result of the redemption of the outstanding Junior Subordinated Debt on January 15, 2014, which had an effective interest rate of 16.95% and replacing it with the 2013 Senior Notes, which have an effective interest rate of 8.04%. The Company used the proceeds from the 2013 Senior Notes, along with cash on hand, to redeem the Junior Subordinated Debt on January 15, 2014. The weighted average effective interest rate for the Company's debt was 8.25% and 8.50% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 11.47% for both periods in 2013, respectively.

Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost

The accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	Foi		Months End e 30,	led	For the Si Ended	ix Month June 30,	
		2014	2013		 2014	20)13
		(\$ in M	illions)		(\$ in N	Millions)	
Accelerated amortization of junior subordinated debt discount and issuance cost	\$		\$		\$ 28.2	\$	

The Company incurred a non-recurring, non-cash charge of \$28.2 million related to the accelerated amortization of the remaining discount and associated issuance costs following the redemption of the Junior Subordinated Debt on January 15, 2014.

Income Tax Expense

The Company recorded a current income tax expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.8 million compared to a current income tax benefit of \$0.1 million and current income tax expense of \$0.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. These amounts relate to income tax on the earnings of our international subsidiaries and state taxes incurred by our U.S. subsidiaries. The effective rate of current income tax was 0.5% and 2.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to (0.2%) and 1.0% for the same periods in 2013, respectively.

The increase in the overall effective rate of income tax for the six months ended is due to the impact of the non-recurring, non-cash charge for the accelerated amortization of original issue discount and write off of issuance costs associated with the Junior Subordinated Debt which reduced net income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 from \$62.2 million to \$34.0 million. Excluding this non-recurring, non-cash charge, the effective rate of current income tax in 2014 would be 1.3%.

The Company recorded a net deferred tax expense of \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$0.3 million and \$0.2 million for the same periods in 2013, respectively. The net deferred tax expense principally arises due to the goodwill associated with the Company's acquisition of its U.S. subsidiaries. The effect of the deferred tax expenses will be reversed as: (1) we develop U.S. taxable income to permit recognition of the net deferred tax asset on our balance sheet; and (2) the amortization period of the goodwill for tax purposes is exhausted.

Dividends on Preference Shares

The Company has declared and paid Preference Shares dividends as follows:

	For	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the S Ended	ix Mont June 30	
	:	2014		2013	 2014	2	2013
		(\$ in N	(illions)		(\$ in N	(illions)	
Preference shares - Series A	\$	3.1	\$	3.1	\$ 6.2	\$	6.2
Preference shares - Series B		3.0		_	6.0		_
Total	\$	6.1	\$	3.1	\$ 12.2	\$	6.2

Underwriting Results by Reportable Segment

The results of operations for our reportable segments: Diversified Reinsurance; AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance; and NGHC Quota Share are discussed below.

Diversified Reinsurance Segment

The underwriting results and associated underwriting ratios for the Diversified Reinsurance segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

Fo	r the Three Mo	nths En			s Ended		
2014 2013				2014			2013
	(\$ in N	(illions)			(\$ in N	lillions)
\$	168.9	\$	134.9	\$	460.6	\$	402.5
\$	200.9	\$	178.4	\$	400.2	\$	374.6
	2.9		2.8		8.0		8.0
	(136.2)		(120.8)		(277.6)		(261.6)
	(56.9)		(44.5)		(107.8)		(89.2)
	(10.4)		(11.2)		(21.4)		(22.0)
\$	0.3	\$	4.7	\$	1.4	\$	9.8
	66.9%		66.7%		68.0%		68.4%
	27.9%		24.5%		26.4%		23.3%
	5.1%		6.2%		5.2%		5.7%
	33.0%		30.7%		31.6%		29.0%
	99.9%		97.4%		99.6%		97.4%
	\$ \$	2014 (\$ in N \$ 168.9 \$ 200.9 \$ 200.9 (136.2) (56.9) (10.4) (10.4) \$ 0.3 666.9% 27.9% 5.1% 33.0%	2014 (\$ in Millions) \$ 168.9 \$ \$ 200.9 \$ \$ 200.9 \$ \$ 200.9 \$ (136.2) (136.2) (10.4) \$ \$ 0.3 \$ 666.9% \$ 27.9% \$ 33.0% \$	(\$ in Millions) \$ 168.9 \$ 134.9 \$ 200.9 \$ 178.4 2.9 2.8 (120.8) (136.2) (120.8) (156.9) (44.5) (10.4) (11.2) \$ 0.3 \$ 666.9% 666.7% 27.9% 24.5% 5.1% 6.2% 33.0% 30.7%	2014 2013 (\$ in Millions) (\$ in Millions) \$ 168.9 \$ 134.9 \$ \$ 200.9 \$ 178.4 \$ 2.9 2.8 (136.2) (120.8) (136.2) (120.8) (11.2) (10.4) (11.2) \$ \$ (10.4) \$ 4.7 \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.4) \$ \$ \$ (10.5) \$ \$ \$ <	For the Three Months Ended June 30, June 2014 2013 2014 (\$ in Millions) (\$ in M \$ 168.9 \$ 134.9 \$ 460.6 \$ 200.9 \$ 178.4 \$ 400.2 400.2 \$ 200.9 \$ 178.4 \$ 400.2	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c } \hline 2014 & 2013 & 2014 & ($ in Millions) & ($ in Millions) & ($ in Millions) & ($ in Millions & ($ in Millions) & ($ in Millions & ($ in Millions) & ($ in Millions & $ ($ in Millions) & $ ($ in Millions & $ ($ in Millions) & $ ($ in Millions & $ $ ($ in Millions & $ $ $ ($ in Millions & $ $ $ $ ($ in Millions & $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $

The combined ratio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 increased to 99.9% and 99.6%, respectively, compared to 97.4% for both periods in 2013 due to elevated property loss activity from several Maiden US clients. For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Diversified Reinsurance segment combined ratio also included the established provision of \$2.8 million, or 1.3 percentage points and 0.7 percentage points respectively, resulting from loss activity and additional ceded reinsurance reinstatement premiums both related to the divested E&S property insurance business. Excluding the impact of this divested business, the combined ratio for the Diversified Reinsurance segment combined ratio would be 98.6% and 98.9% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

Premiums - Net premiums written increased by \$34.0 million, or 25.2%, and \$58.1 million, or 14.4%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The tables below illustrates net premiums written by line of business in this segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	2014				2	013		Change in			
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total	\$		%		
Net Premiums Written	(\$ ir	Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		(\$ i	n Millions)			
Property	\$	25.5	15.1%	\$	16.5	12.3%	\$	9.0	54.4%		
Casualty		107.8	63.8%		88.8	65.8%		19.0	21.4%		
Accident and Health		7.9	4.7%		7.1	5.2%		0.8	11.5%		
International		27.7	16.4%		22.5	16.7%		5.2	22.9%		
Total Diversified Reinsurance	\$	168.9	100.0%	\$	134.9	100.0%	\$	34.0	25.2%		



For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2014				2	2013		Change in			
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%		
Net Premiums Written	(\$ in	Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		(\$	in Millions)			
Property	\$	88.2	19.1%	\$	86.1	21.4%	\$	2.1	2.4%		
Casualty		279.6	60.7%		237.2	58.9%		42.4	17.9%		
Accident and Health		25.1	5.5%		22.6	5.6%		2.5	11.1%		
International		67.7	14.7%		56.6	14.1%		11.1	19.6%		
Total Diversified Reinsurance	\$	460.6	100.0%	\$	402.5	100.0%	\$	58.1	14.4%		

The overall increase was primarily the result of business written by Maiden US experiencing an increase for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 of \$24.5 million, or 21.1% and \$49.6 million or 14.5%, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. This increase in business written by Maiden US was due to both new accounts and organic growth from certain Maiden U.S. accounts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. This increase was offset slightly by reinstatement premiums relating to ceded losses on our E&S business, primarily in Maiden Specialty, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. Furthermore, there was a net increase of \$7.5 million, or 33.5%, and \$11.2 million, or 18.7%, in the business written by our non- U.S. entities due to organic growth, within the Diversified Reinsurance segment, for three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively.

Net premiums earned increased by \$22.5 million, or 12.6%, and \$25.6 million, or 6.8%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The following tables show net premiums earned by line of business in this segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,		20	014		20	13	Change in			
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%	
Net Premiums Earned	(\$ in	Millions)		(\$ i	in Millions)		(\$ i	n Millions)		
Property	\$	40.8	20.3%	\$	27.8	15.6%	\$	13.0	46.8 %	
Casualty		125.4	62.4%		116.9	65.5%		8.5	7.3 %	
Accident and Health		11.4	5.7%		9.7	5.5%		1.7	16.9 %	
International		23.3	11.6%		24.0	13.4%		(0.7)	(2.8)%	
Total Diversified Reinsurance	\$	200.9	100.0%	\$	178.4	100.0%	\$	22.5	12.6 %	
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		2	2014		20	013		Chang	ge in	
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		2 Total	2014 % of Total		20 Total	013 % of Total		Chang \$	ge in %	
For the Six Months Ended June 30, Net Premiums Earned	(\$ ii			(\$			(\$			
	(\$ ii \$	Total			Total			\$		
Net Premiums Earned		Total n Millions)	% of Total		Total in Millions)	% of Total		\$	%	
Net Premiums Earned Property		Total n Millions) 81.3	% of Total 20.3%		Total in Millions) 75.3	% of Total 20.1%		\$	% 8.0%	
Net Premiums Earned Property Casualty		Total n Millions) 81.3 247.3	% of Total 20.3% 61.8%		Total in Millions) 75.3 233.9	% of Total 20.1% 62.4%		\$ in Millions) 6.0 13.4	% 8.0% 5.7%	

Within the Diversified Reinsurance segment, the business underwritten by Maiden US experienced an increase in premiums earned for three and six months ended June 30, 2014 of \$27.7 million, or 18.5%, and \$41.8 million, or 13.7% compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The growth in the U.S. is due to both new accounts and organic growth from certain existing Maiden U.S. accounts. This increase was offset slightly by reinstatement premiums relating to ceded losses on our E&S business, primarily in Maiden Specialty, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. Furthermore, there was a net decrease of \$0.5 million, or 2.0%, and \$7.1 million, or 11.4%, in the premiums earned from the business written by our non- U.S. entities within the Diversified Reinsurance segment for three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively, following the non-renewal of certain accounts during 2013 and 2014.

Other Insurance Revenue - Other insurance revenue, which represents the fee business that is not directly associated with premium revenue assumed by the Company, remained flat for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. Revenue from our German auto business represents 64.4% and 69.6% of other insurance revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to 49.1% and 69.1% for the same periods in 2013, respectively. Other insurance revenue from the German auto business increased by \$0.5 million, or 34.1%, and \$0.1 million, or 0.8%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. In addition, other insurance revenue earned by our remaining operations, primarily from U.S. and Russia, decreased \$0.4 million, or 28.4%, and \$0.1 million, or 1.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2014, compared to the same periods in 2014.

Net Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses - Net loss and loss adjustment expenses increased by \$15.4 million, or 12.7%, and \$16.0 million, or 6.1%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. These increases reflect the growth of this segment following the addition of new accounts during 2013 and 2014 combined with organic growth from certain existing Maiden US accounts. The increase was also due to elevated property loss activity from several Maiden US clients incurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratios were 66.9% and 68.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 66.7% and 68.4% in the same periods in 2013, respectively.

Commission and Other Acquisition Expenses - Commission and other acquisition expenses increased by \$12.4 million, or 28.1%, and \$18.6 million, or 20.8%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 reflects the increase in premiums earned for these periods compared to the same periods in 2013, consistent with the reasons cited in the discussion of the change in earned premiums. This increase reflects the higher mix of earned premium on pro-rata contracts, which incur a higher commission expense compared to excess of loss treaties for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 2013.

General and Administrative Expenses - General and administrative expenses decreased by \$0.8 million, or 6.7%, and \$0.6 million, or 2.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The general and administrative expense ratio was 5.1% and 5.2% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 6.2% and 5.7% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively. The overall expense ratio (including commission and other acquisition expenses) was 33.0% and 31.6% and 30.7% and 29.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively.

AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance Segment

The AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment reported strong growth, lower combined ratios and increased underwriting income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The combined ratio decreased slightly to 95.3% for both three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to 95.5% and 95.7% for the same periods in 2013, respectively, reflecting the continuing change in the segment's mix of business, with the Small Commercial Business component increasing at the fastest rate, in part due to the continued expansion and improvement in rate levels that AmTrust is experiencing in certain lines of business in that component, particularly U.S. workers' compensation.

The table below details the underwriting results and associated ratios for the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment for three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2014			2013		2014		2013
				(\$ in M	fillions	.)		
Net premiums written	\$	372.0	\$	290.6	\$	791.0	\$	635.4
Net premiums earned	\$	324.9	\$	261.4	\$	629.8	\$	481.7
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		(210.7)		(172.9)		(410.2)		(318.6)
Commission and other acquisition expenses		(98.5)		(76.2)		(189.0)		(141.3)
General and administrative expenses		(0.5)		(0.5)		(1.0)		(1.0)
Underwriting income	\$	15.2	\$	11.8	\$	29.6	\$	20.8
Ratios								
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio		64.8%		66.2%		65.1%		66.1%
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio		30.3%		29.1%		30.0%		29.3%
General and administrative expense ratio		0.2%		0.2%		0.2%		0.3%
Expense ratio		30.5%		29.3%		30.2%		29.6%
Combined ratio		95.3%		95.5%		95.3%		95.7%

Premiums - Net premiums written increased by \$81.4 million, or 28.0%, and \$155.6 million, or 24.5%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. This increase reflects the continued ongoing organic growth and improved rate levels, particularly in U.S. workers' compensation.

The tables below detail net premiums written by line of business in this segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	2014 2013			Change in					
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%
Net Premiums Written	(\$ i	n Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		(\$	in Millions)	
Small Commercial Business	\$	198.0	53.2%	\$	136.2	46.9%	\$	61.8	45.4%
Specialty Program		56.3	15.1%		38.7	13.3%		17.6	45.7%
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty		117.7	31.7%		115.7	39.8%		2.0	1.7%
Total AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	\$	372.0	100.0%	\$	290.6	100.0%	\$	81.4	28.0%
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		20	14		20 1	13		Chan	ge in
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		20: Total	14 % of Total		201 Total	13 % of Total		Chan \$	ge in %
For the Six Months Ended June 30, Net Premiums Written				(\$ i			(\$ ii		<u> </u>
		Total		(\$ i \$	Total		(\$ ii \$	\$	<u> </u>
Net Premiums Written	(\$ in	Total Millions)	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%
Net Premiums Written Small Commercial Business	(\$ in	Total Millions) 451.8	% of Total 57.1%		Total n Millions) 298.2	% of Total 46.9%		\$ n Millions) 153.6	% 51.5 %

Net premiums earned increased by \$63.5 million, or 24.3%, and \$148.1 million, or 30.8%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase is primarily due to AmTrust's organic growth in U.S. workers' compensation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013.

The tables below detail net premiums earned by line of business for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,		20	14		201	13	Change in			
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%	
Net Premiums Earned	(\$ in	Millions)	(\$ in Millions)			(\$ ii	n Millions)			
Small Commercial Business	\$	177.1	54.5%	\$	117.6	45.0%	\$	59.5	50.6 %	
Specialty Program		44.9	13.8%		32.1	12.3%		12.8	40.0 %	
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty		102.9	31.7%		111.7	42.7%		(8.8)	(7.9)%	
Total AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance	\$	324.9	100.0%	\$	261.4	100.0%	\$	63.5	24.3 %	
For the Six Months Ended June 30,		20)14	_	20	13	_	Change	e in	
		Total	% of Total		Total	% of Total		\$	%	
Net Premiums Earned	(\$ i)	n Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		(\$	in Millions)		
Small Commercial Business	\$	335.6	53.3%	\$	219.8	45.6%	\$	115.8	52.7%	
Specialty Program		77.8	12.4%		65.5	13.6%		12.3	18.9%	
		046.4	24.20/		100.4	40.00/		20.0	10.2%	
Specialty Risk and Extended Warranty		216.4	34.3%		196.4	40.8%		20.0	10.2%	

Net Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses - Net loss and loss expenses increased by \$37.8 million, or 21.8%, and \$91.6 million, or 28.8%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratios were 64.8% and 65.1% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively, compared to 66.2% and 66.1% in the same periods in 2013, respectively. The loss ratio has improved as the segment's mix of business has continued to change, with the Small Commercial Business component increasing at the fastest rate, in part due to the continued improvement in pricing that AmTrust is experiencing in certain lines of business in that component, particularly U.S. workers' compensation.

Commission and Other Acquisition Expenses - Commission and other acquisition expenses increased by \$22.3 million, or 29.3%, and \$47.7 million, or 33.7%, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same periods in 2013, respectively. The commission and other acquisition expense ratio increased to 30.3% and 30.0% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 29.1% and 29.3% for the same periods in 2013, respectively. The increase in the ratios reflects the higher proportion of net premiums earned from the Reinsurance Agreement, which has a higher commission rate than the European Hospital Liability Quota Share, compared to the same periods in 2013.

General and Administrative Expenses - General and administrative expenses remained flat at \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The overall expense ratio (including commission and other acquisition expenses) was 30.5% and 30.2% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 29.3% and 29.6% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2013, respectively, reflecting the changes in the commission and other acquisition expense ratio.

NGHC Quota Share

As previously reported, the contract supporting this segment has been mutually terminated with NGHC and is in run-off. The following table summarizes the underwriting results and associated underwriting ratios for the NGHC Quota Share segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,					For the S Ended		
	2014			2013	2014			2013
		(\$ in 1	Aillions)		(\$ in N	Aillions)	
Net premiums written	\$	—	\$	72.4	\$	(0.8)	\$	149.1
Net premiums earned	\$	6.1	\$	73.5	\$	21.1	\$	145.4
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		(4.3)		(49.6)		(14.7)		(98.1)
Commission and other acquisition expenses		(2.0)		(22.9)		(6.7)		(45.3)
General and administrative expenses		(0.2)		(0.2)		(0.4)		(0.3)
Underwriting income	\$	(0.4)	\$	0.8	\$	(0.7)	\$	1.7
Net loss and loss adjustment expense ratio		69.6%		67.4%		69.6%		67.4%
Commission and other acquisition expense ratio		32.2%		31.2%		31.9%		31.2%
General and administrative expense ratio		3.1%		0.3%		1.8%		0.3%
Expense ratio		35.3%		31.5%		33.7%		31.5%
Combined ratio		104.9%		98.9%		103.3%		98.9%

The combined ratio for the NGHC Quota Share segment increased to 104.9% and 103.3% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 98.9% for both periods in 2013, respectively. As this segment is in run-off, the higher combined ratio during the period was due to unfavorable development in prior years.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Liquidity

Maiden Holdings is a holding company and transacts no business of its own. We therefore rely on cash flows in the form of dividends, advances and loans and other permitted distributions from our subsidiary companies to make dividend payments on our common and preference shares.

The jurisdictions in which our operating subsidiaries are licensed to write business impose regulations requiring companies to maintain or meet statutory solvency and liquidity requirements. Some jurisdictions also place restrictions on the declaration and payment of dividends and other distributions.

The regulatory and liquidity requirements of the Company's operating segments are discussed in "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with SEC on March 4, 2014.

Our sources of funds primarily consist of premiums received (net of commissions), investment income, net proceeds from capital raising activities, which may include the issuance of debt, common and preference shares, and proceeds from sales and redemption of investments. Cash is used primarily to pay loss and loss adjustment expenses, general and administrative expenses, interest expense and dividends, with the remainder in excess of our operating requirements, made available to our investment managers for investment in accordance with our investment policy. On January 15, 2014, we used the net proceeds from the 2013 Senior Notes, along with cash at hand, to redeem the outstanding Junior Subordinated Debt. The table below summarizes the cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing and financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	20)14		2013
		(\$ in N	(illions)	
Operating activities	\$	235.5	\$	150.0
Investing activities		(125.4)		(128.0)
Financing activities		(180.4)		(11.8)
Effect of exchange rate changes on foreign currency cash		0.4		(2.4)
Total (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(69.9)	\$	7.8

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash flows from operations for the six months ended June 30, 2014 were \$235.5 million compared to \$150.0 million for the same period in 2013, a 57.0% increase. The Company's assets grew by \$307.4 million, or 6.5%, as of June 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013. The increase in assets was largely due to the growth in premium written experienced by the Company, primarily in our AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment during 2014, offset by decreases in the NGHC Quota Share segment. Cash flows associated with AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment's growth typically lag by at least one calendar quarter, and the Company anticipates seeing further cash flow benefits of that growth in 2014.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Investing cash flows consist primarily of proceeds from the sales and maturities of investments and payments for investments acquired. Net cash used in investing activities was \$125.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$128.0 million for the same period in 2013. The Company continues to deploy available cash for longer-term investments as quickly as investment conditions permit and to maintain, where possible, cash and cash equivalents balances at low levels. However, fixed income markets were volatile in 2013 and the Company has periodically maintained elevated levels of cash and cash equivalents to mitigate near-term volatility that may occur. These elevated cash levels may result in slower growth in investment income and in certain instances, reductions in investment income despite the increase in invested assets. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, the proceeds from the sales, maturities and calls of fixed maturity securities exceeded purchases by \$25.1 million. This was offset by the increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$144.2 million and net purchases of other investments of \$5.6 million during the same period.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash flows used in financing activities were \$180.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to \$11.8 million for the same period in 2013. The increase in funds used in 2014 was largely attributable to the repurchase of the Junior Subordinated Debt which were repurchased using the net proceeds from the 2013 Senior Notes issuance and cash on hand. The increase of \$9.5 million in the cash outflow from dividends paid to common shareholder for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013 was primarily due to the accelerated payment of the common share dividend announced in the fourth quarter of 2012, which resulted in no quarterly dividend being paid to common shareholders in the three months ended March 31, 2013. The net cash outflow from financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2014 20		2013	
		(\$ in N	/lillions)	
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Redemption of junior subordinated debt	\$	(152.5)	\$	_
Common share issuance		0.3		0.9
Dividends paid to Maiden common shareholders		(16.0)		(6.5)
Dividends paid on preference shares		(12.2)		(6.2)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(180.4)	\$	(11.8)

Restrictions, Collateral and Specific Requirements

The Company's restrictions, collateral and specific requirements are discussed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the SEC on March 4, 2014.

As of June 30, 2014, total cash and cash equivalents and fixed maturity investments used as collateral were \$2.5 billion compared to \$2.2 billion as of December 31, 2013. This collateral represents 72.9% and 68.9% of our total fixed maturity investments and our restricted cash & cash equivalents as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in assets provided as collateral for the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance agreement reflecting continued growth.



Investments

The investment of our funds is designed to ensure safety of principal while generating current income. Accordingly, our funds are invested in liquid, investment-grade fixed income securities and are designated available-for-sale ("AFS"). The fair value of the Company's AFS fixed maturity investments increased by \$63.6 million or 2.0% as of June 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013.

Due to declining interest rates, the net unrealized gains increased by \$91.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013. This increase in net unrealized gains was offset by the combined effect (net of fixed maturity purchases) of: 1) paydowns from MBS securities; and 2) bond amortization and disposals, which totaled \$28.1 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, the yield on the 10-year U.S. Treasury bond decreased by 51 basis points to 2.53%, as of June 30, 2014. The 10-year U.S. Treasury is the key risk-free determinant in the fair value of many of the securities in our AFS portfolio. The decline in interest rates during the first half of 2014 was due to conflicting economic indicators, combined with equity market volatility and increased global geopolitical uncertainties during the period. These conditions more than offset the measures implemented by the U.S. Federal Reserve to further restrict its monetary policy and related liquidity measures that has been underway since the fourth quarter of 2013.

As of June 30, 2014, we consider the levels of cash and cash equivalents we are holding to generally be within our targeted ranges. However, as interest rates have begun to experience greater volatility in the last twelve months, we have periodically maintained more cash and cash equivalents in order to better assess current market conditions and opportunities within our defined risk appetite, and may do so in future periods.

As of June 30, 2014, the weighted average duration of our AFS fixed maturity investment portfolio was 4.8 years and there were approximately \$126.0 million of net unrealized gains in the portfolio, compared to a duration of 4.6 years and net unrealized gains of \$34.3 million in the portfolio as of December 31, 2013. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, our MBS portfolio continued to experience a slow down in prepayments and combined with the purchase of \$193.7 million in new corporate bonds at an average duration of 7.89 years, the duration of our AFS portfolio increased by 0.2 years at June 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013. The aggregate amounts of our invested AFS assets by asset class and in total as of those dates, including the average yield and duration were as follows:

June 30, 2014	Driginal or Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	U	Gross nrealized Losses		Fair Value	Average yield*	Average duration
Available-for-sale fixed maturities		(\$ in M	fillions)				
U.S. treasury bonds	\$ 12.0	\$ 0.5	\$		\$	12.5	2.4%	3.2 years
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed	1,215.8	16.0		(19.2)		1,212.6	2.9%	4.1 years
U.S. agency bonds – other	7.2	1.0		—		8.2	5.0%	6.5 years
Non-U.S. government bonds	65.8	3.8				69.6	1.7%	3.1 years
Other mortgage-backed securities	43.9	1.6		—		45.5	3.5%	6.9 years
Corporate bonds	1,692.9	123.5		(4.6)		1,811.8	4.1%	5.1 years
Municipal bonds - other	62.1	3.4		—		65.5	4.2%	8.3 years
Total available-for-sale fixed maturities	 3,099.7	 149.8		(23.8)	_	3,225.7	3.5%	4.8 years
Other investments	10.4	0.6				11.0		
Total investments	\$ 3,110.1	\$ 150.4	\$	(23.8)	\$	3,236.7		

December 31, 2013	Driginal or Amortized Cost	U	Gross Inrealized Gains	١	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Average yield*	Average duration
Available-for-sale fixed maturities			(\$ in N	/illion	ns)			
U.S. treasury bonds	\$ 16.6	\$	0.6	\$	—	\$ 17.2	2.6%	1.8 years
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed	1,292.1		11.7		(41.1)	1,262.7	2.8%	4.4 years
U.S. agency bonds – other	7.2		0.9		_	8.1	5.0%	6.8 years
Non-U.S. government bonds	70.4		3.5		(0.7)	73.2	1.8%	2.6 years
Other mortgage-backed securities	33.6		—		(0.2)	33.4	3.4%	6.9 years
Corporate bonds	1,546.5		83.0		(22.8)	1,606.7	4.3%	5.0 years
Municipal bonds – auction rate	99.2		—		—	99.2	0.3%	0.0 years
Municipal bonds - other	62.2		0.9		(1.5)	61.6	4.2%	8.6 years
Total available-for-sale fixed maturities	 3,127.8		100.6		(66.3)	 3,162.1	3.5%	4.6 years
Other investments	4.5		0.6		_	5.1		
Total investments	\$ 3,132.3	\$	101.2	\$	(66.3)	\$ 3,167.2		

*Average yield is calculated by dividing annualized investment income for each sub-component of AFS securities (including amortization of premium or discount) by amortized cost and therefore does not include investment income earned on cash and cash equivalents or other short-term investments.

The following table summarizes the fair value by contractual maturity of our AFS fixed maturity investment portfolio as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	June 30, 2014				December 31, 2013			
		(\$ in Millions)	% of Total		(\$ in Millions)	% of Total		
Due in one year or less	\$	41.3	1.3%	\$	88.6	2.8%		
Due after one year through five years		547.4	17.0%		427.4	13.5%		
Due after five years through ten years		1,278.3	39.6%		1,154.4	36.5%		
Due after ten years		100.6	3.1%		195.6	6.2%		
	_	1,967.6	61.0%		1,866.0	59.0%		
U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed		1,212.6	37.6%		1,262.7	39.9%		
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		45.5	1.4%		33.4	1.1%		
Total AFS fixed maturities	\$	3,225.7	100.0%	\$	3,162.1	100.0%		

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, 98.0% and 98.2% of our fixed income portfolio consisted of investment grade securities, respectively. We define a security as being below investment grade if it has an S&P credit rating of "BB+" or less. See "*Part I, Item I - Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) Note 4. Investments*" for additional information on the credit rating of our fixed income portfolio.

Substantially all of the Company's U.S. agency bond holdings are mortgage-backed bonds. Additional details on the mortgage-backed bonds component of our U.S. agency bonds portfolio as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows:

	June 30, 2014				December 31, 2013			
		Fair Value	% of Total		Fair Value	% of Total		
		(\$ in Millions)		((\$ in Millions)			
U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed:								
Residential mortgage-backed (RMBS)								
GNMA – fixed rate	\$	83.9	6.9%	\$	90.9	7.2%		
FNMA – fixed rate		671.7	55.0%		695.4	54.7%		
FNMA – variable rate		29.5	2.4%		34.5	2.7%		
FHLMC – fixed rate		419.0	34.3%		432.2	34.0%		
FHLMC – variable rate		8.5	0.7%		9.7	0.8%		
Total RMBS		1,212.6	99.3%		1,262.7	99.4%		
Total U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed		1,212.6	99.3%		1,262.7	99.4%		
Non-MBS fixed rate U.S. agency bonds		8.2	0.7%		8.1	0.6%		
Total U.S. agency bonds	\$	1,220.8	100.0%	\$	1,270.8	100.0%		

The following tables provide a summary of changes in fair value associated with the Company's U.S. agency bonds – mortgage-backed portfolio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

For the Three Months Ended June 30,	 2014	2013	
	(\$ in	Millions)	
U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed:			
Beginning balance	\$ 1,235.5	\$	999.0
Purchases	—		370.4
Sales and paydowns	(40.6)		(118.5)
Change in net unrealized (gains) losses – included in other comprehensive income	18.4		(29.2)
Amortization of bond premium and discount	(0.7)		(3.2)
Ending balance	\$ 1,212.6	\$	1,218.5
For the Six Months Ended June 30,	2014		2013
For the Six Months Ended June 30,	 -	Millions	
For the Six Months Ended June 30, U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed:	 -	Millions	
	\$ -	Millions \$	
U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed:	\$ (\$ in)
U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed: Beginning balance	\$ (\$ in		992.2
U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed: Beginning balance Purchases	\$ (\$ in 1,262.7 —) 992.2 524.8
U.S. agency bonds - mortgage-backed: Beginning balance Purchases Sales and paydowns	\$ (\$ in 1,262.7 — (75.2)) 992.2 524.8 (259.3)

Prior policy measures enacted by the U.S. Federal Reserve designed to provide greater liquidity to certain credit markets, in particular the mortgage backed securities market, had impacted the Company's MBS portfolio for several years through 2013. However, those conditions began abating during 2013, as interest rates began to rise and in December 2013, the U.S. Federal Reserve began to gradually reduce the amount of liquidity it is providing to credit markets, which has continued to date in 2014. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company experienced the lowest levels of paydowns and amortization of bond premium of its MBS portfolio since 2011, contributing to the improvement in investment income during those periods compared to 2013.

These conditions may fluctuate, until such time that the interest rate environment gradually moves toward historical levels from those experienced during the last several years.

Our MBS portfolio represents 37.6% of our fixed maturity investments as of June 30, 2014. Given the relative size of this portfolio to our total investments, if faster prepayment patterns were to occur over an extended period of time, this could potentially

have the effect of limiting the growth in our investment income in certain circumstances, or even potentially reducing the total amount of investment income we earn.

The Company holds no asset-backed securities other than the mortgage-backed securities it has described herein.

The security holdings by sector and financial strength rating by S&P of our corporate bond holdings as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are as follows:

			Ratings*					
June 30, 2014	AAA	AA+, AA, AA-	A+, A, A-	BBB+, BBB, BBB-	B+ or lower	Fair Value		% of Corporate bonds portfolio
						(\$	in Millions)	
Corporate bonds								
Financial Institutions	5.6%	3.6%	27.3%	8.6%	0.5%	\$	826.0	45.6%
Industrials	—%	3.6%	10.5%	29.1%	3.0%		836.0	46.2%
Utilities/Other	—%	—%	2.8%	5.4%	—%		149.8	8.2%
Total Corporate bonds	5.6%	7.2%	40.6%	43.1%	3.5%	\$	1,811.8	100.0%

			Ratings*				
December 31, 2013	AAA	AA+, AA, AA-	A+, A, A-	BBB+, BBB, BBB-	B+ or lower	Fair Valu	% of Corporate e bonds portfolio
						(\$ in Millio	ns)
Corporate bonds							
Financial Institutions	6.1%	4.6%	28.9%	10.7%	0.2%	\$ 81	1.3 50.5%
Industrials	%	2.7%	7.8%	28.0%	2.5%	65	9.3 41.0%
Utilities/Other	—%	%	2.8%	4.9%	0.8%	13	6.1 8.5%
Total Corporate bonds	6.1%	7.3%	39.5%	43.6%	3.5%	\$ 1,60	6.7 100.0%

*Ratings as assigned by S&P

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company's allocation to corporate bonds rated BBB (including those with a + or - modifier) was generally stable, as we had reached our maximum allocation to those securities as a percentage of the total fixed maturities portfolio. We also reduced our exposure to corporate bonds in the Financial Institutions sector, as those securities may be more sensitive to rising interest rates.

The Company's 10 largest corporate holdings, 82.3% of which are in the Financial Institutions sector, as of June 30, 2014 as carried at fair value and as a percentage of all fixed income securities are as follows:

June 30, 2014	Fair Value	% of Holdings Based on Fair Value of All Fixed Income Securities	Rating*
	(\$ in Millions)		
Morgan Stanley FLT, Due 10/18/2016 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 40.0	1.3%	A-
Northern Rock Asset Mgt., 3.875% Due 11/16/2020	27.2	0.9%	AAA
Citigroup FLT, Due 06/09/2016 ⁽¹⁾	26.8	0.8%	BBB+
Electricite De France, 4.625 % Due 9/11/2024	21.7	0.7%	A+
BNP Paribas, 5.0% Due 01/15/2021	21.3	0.7%	A+
Vale Overseas Ltd, 4.375% Due 01/11/2022	20.5	0.6%	A-
Rabobank Nederland, 3.875% Due 02/08/2022	20.2	0.6%	AA-
Barclays Bank PLC NY FLT, Due 02/24/2020 ⁽¹⁾	20.1	0.6%	А
HSBC Financial FLT, Due 06/01/2016 ⁽¹⁾	20.0	0.6%	А
Bear Stearns FLT, Due 11/21/2016 ⁽¹⁾	20.0	0.6%	А
Total	\$ 237.8	7.4%	

* Ratings as assigned by S&P

(1) Securities with the notation FLT are floating rate securities.

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, 11.8% and 15.5% of our corporate securities were floating rate securities, respectively, all of which were in the Financial Institutions sector. These securities enable the Company to maintain flexibility in the face of volatile fixed income market conditions and allow us to take advantage of any unanticipated increases in interest rates which may occur.

To the extent that the Company's operating subsidiaries invest in fixed maturities issued by U.S. state and local governments, these investments are made on the merits of the underlying investment and not on the tax status of those securities.

As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, we own the following securities not denominated in U.S. dollars:

		June 3	0, 2014		December 31, 2013		
	Fair Value		% of Total	Fair Value		% of Total	
	((\$ in Millions)		(\$ in Millions)			
Corporate bonds	\$	277.0	79.9%	\$	230.3	75.9%	
Non-U.S. government bonds		69.6	20.1%		73.2	24.1%	
Total Non-U.S. dollar AFS fixed maturities	\$	346.6	100.0%	\$	303.5	100.0%	

These fixed maturities were invested in the following currencies:

	June 30, 2014				December 31, 2013			
	Fair Value		% of Total		Fair Value	% of Total		
	(\$ in Millions)			(\$ in Millions)			
Euro	\$	286.1	82.5%	\$	249.1	82.1%		
British Pound		38.6	11.1%		33.6	11.1%		
Swedish Krona		10.7	3.1%		10.6	3.5%		
Australian Dollar		6.4	1.9%		7.7	2.5%		
All other		4.8	1.4%		2.5	0.8%		
Total Non-U.S. dollar AFS fixed maturities	\$	346.6	100.0%	\$	303.5	100.0%		

The continued increase in securities not denominated in U.S. dollars was primarily due to the investment of the net receipts from our Euro denominated underwriting activity.

We do not have any non-U.S. government and government related obligations of Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, 80.8% and 91.9%, respectively, of the

Company's non-U.S. government issuers were rated AA or higher by S&P. The five largest non-U.S. government or supranational issuers held by the Company as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are:

	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013			
	Fair Value		% of Total	Fair Value		% of Total	
	(\$	in Millions)			(\$ in Millions)		
State of Israel	\$	13.4	19.2%	\$	6.0	8.1%	
Germany		13.1	18.9%		18.1	24.7%	
European Financial Stability Facility		12.7	18.3%		12.4	17.0%	
United Kingdom		11.5	16.6%		14.5	19.9%	
European Investment Bank		7.6	10.9%		11.1	15.2%	
All other		11.3	16.1%		11.1	15.1%	
Total non-U.S. government bonds	\$	69.6	100.0%	\$	73.2	100.0%	

For corporate bonds not denominated in U.S. dollars, the following table summarizes the composition of the fair value of our fixed maturity investments at the dates indicated by ratings as assigned by S&P and/or other rating agencies when S&P ratings were not available:

	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013		
		Fair Value	% of Total		Fair Value	% of Total
	((\$ in Millions)		(\$ in Millions)		
AAA	\$	68.5	24.7%	\$	63.8	27.7%
AA+, AA, AA-		24.2	8.7%		10.2	4.5%
A+, A, A-		123.3	44.5%		103.8	45.0%
BBB+, BBB, BBB-		59.5	21.5%		51.0	22.0%
BB+ or lower		1.5	0.6%		1.5	0.8%
Total non-U.S. dollar denominated corporate bonds	\$	277.0	100.0%	\$	230.3	100.0%

The Company does not employ any credit default protection against any of the non-U.S. dollar denominated government or corporate bonds

Other Changes in Financial Position

The following summarizes other changes in the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	June 30, 2014		Dece	ember 31, 2013		Change	Change
			(5	\$ in Millions)			%
Reinsurance balances receivable, net	\$	672.5	\$	560.1	\$	112.4	20.1 %
Prepaid reinsurance premiums		29.4		39.2		(9.8)	(25.0)%
Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		100.2		84.0		16.2	19.2 %
Deferred commission and other acquisition expenses		360.2		304.9		55.3	18.1 %
Reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses		2,104.7		1,957.8		146.9	7.5 %
Unearned premiums		1,224.8		1,034.8		190.0	18.4 %

In general, the increases in these balances reflect the continued growth of the Company, in particular the strong premium written growth experienced during the six months ended June 30, 2014 in the AmTrust Quota Share Reinsurance segment. At June 30, 2014, the reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses increased by \$16.2 million compared to December 31, 2013, of which \$54.5 million or 54.3% relates to reinsurance claims from Superstorm Sandy.

Capital Resources

Refer to the '*Liquidity and Capital Resources*' section included under Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a general discussion of our shareholders' equity and capital resources.



Capital resources consist of funds deployed or available to be deployed in support of our business operations. Our total capital resources were \$1,582.9 million at June 30, 2014, a \$27.3 million or 1.7% net decrease from \$1,610.2 million at December 31, 2013. This net decrease arises following a reduction in our outstanding debt offset by an increase in the Company's shareholders' equity. The following table shows the movement in total capital resources as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013		Change		Change
		(\$ in Millions)					%
Preference shares	\$	315.0	\$	315.0	\$		— %
Common shareholders' equity		907.9		808.8		99.1	12.3 %
Total Maiden shareholders' equity		1,222.9		1,123.8		99.1	8.8 %
Senior Notes		360.0		360.0		—	— %
Junior Subordinated Debt		—		126.4		(126.4)	(100.0)%
Total capital resources	\$	1,582.9	\$	1,610.2	\$	(27.3)	(1.7)%

The major factors contributing to the net decrease in capital resources were as follows:

Maiden shareholders' equity

Maiden shareholders' equity at June 30, 2014 increased by \$99.1 million or 8.8% compared to December 31, 2013 primarily due to:

- increase in comprehensive income following improvements in market values of our fixed maturity securities resulting in an unrealized gain of \$91.7 million and a change in cumulative translation adjustment of \$0.4 million;
- increase due to net income of \$34.0 million. See "*Results of Operations Net Income*" on page 44 for a discussion of the Company's net income for the six months ended June 30, 2014;
- increase in additional paid in capital of \$1.2 million resulting from share based compensation transactions; and
- decrease of \$28.2 million related to dividend payments on the Company's common and preferred shares.

On December 24, 2012, the Company adopted a written trading plan to facilitate the repurchase of its common shares in accordance with the Company's existing share purchase reauthorization whereby in August 2012, the Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to \$75 million common shares. On July 24, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors has approved the repurchase of up to \$75.0 million of the Company's common shares from time to time at market prices.

Indebtedness

The decrease of \$126.4 million was entirely due to the redemption of the Junior Subordinated Debt on January 15, 2014 by the Company's wholly owned U.S. holding company Maiden NA, utilizing the proceeds from the issuance of the 2013 Senior Notes and cash on hand. There were no further changes in the Company's indebtedness at June 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013 and the Company did not enter into any short-term borrowing arrangements during the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. Refer to "*Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Note 7. Long Term Debt*" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a discussion of the Company's indebtedness.

We have, and expect to continue, to fund a portion of our capital requirements through issuances of senior securities, including secured, unsecured and convertible debt securities, or issuances of common or preference shares. For flexibility, on November 8, 2013, we filed a universal shelf registration statement that allows for the public offering and sale of our debt securities, common shares, preference shares and warrants to purchase such securities in an amount up to \$300.0 million less issuances after that date. As previously reported, the Company, through Maiden NA, issued \$152.5 million principal amount of 7.75% Senior Notes due on December 1, 2043 on November 25, 2013.

Therefore, we presently have the ability to issue, from time to time, an additional \$147.5 million in securities pursuant to the shelf registration statement or otherwise pursuant to private offerings. The issuance of debt or equity securities will depend on future market conditions, funding needs and other factors and there can be no assurance that any such issuance will occur or be successful.

Financial Strength Ratings

There are no changes from the the "*Financial Strength Ratings*" as previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Aggregate Contractual Obligations

In the normal course of its business, the Company is a party to a variety of contractual obligations as summarized in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. These contractual obligations are considered by the Company when assessing its liquidity requirements and the Company is confident in its ability to meet all of its obligations.

As of June 30, 2014, there are no material changes in the Company's contractual obligations as disclosed in the Company's table of contractual obligations included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Currency and Foreign Exchange

We conduct business in a variety of foreign (non-U.S.) currencies, the principal exposures being the Euro, the British pound, the Australian dollar, the Canadian dollar, the Swedish krona and the Russian ruble. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to changes in currency exchange rates. Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar, and exchange rate fluctuations relative to the U.S. dollar may materially impact our results and financial position. Our principal exposure to foreign currency risk is our obligation to settle claims in foreign currencies. In addition, in order to minimize this risk we maintain and expect to continue to maintain a portion of our investment portfolio in investments denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. We may employ various strategies (including hedging) to manage our exposure to foreign currency exchange risk. To the extent that these exposures are not fully hedged or the hedges are ineffective, our results of operations or equity may be reduced by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates which could materially adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. At June 30, 2014, no such hedges or hedging strategies were in force or had been entered into. We measure monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at period end exchange rates, with the resulting foreign exchange gains and losses recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Revenues and expenses in foreign currencies are converted at average exchange rates during the period. The effect of the translation adjustments for foreign operations is included in accumulated other comprehensive income.

Net foreign exchange gains were \$0.9 million and \$1.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to net foreign exchange losses of \$0.2 million and net foreign exchange gains of \$1.3 million during the same periods in 2013, respectively.

Effects of Inflation

The effects of inflation are considered implicitly in pricing and estimating reserves loss and loss adjustment expenses. The effects of inflation could cause the severity of claims to rise in the future. To the extent inflation causes these costs, particularly medical treatments and litigation costs, to increase above reserves established for these claims, the Company will be required to increase the reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses with a corresponding reduction in its earnings in the period in which the deficiency is identified. The actual effects of inflation on the results of operations of the Company cannot be accurately known until claims are ultimately settled.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of June 30, 2014, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined by Item 303(a)(4) of Regulation S-K.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See "Part I, Item 1 - Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies" for a discussion on recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that we will incur losses in our investments due to adverse changes in market rates and prices. Market risk is directly influenced by the volatility and liquidity in the market in which the related underlying assets are invested. We believe that we are principally exposed to three types of market risk: changes in interest rates; changes in credit quality of issuers of investment securities and reinsurers; and foreign currency risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that we may incur economic losses due to adverse changes in interest rates. The primary market risk to the investment portfolio is interest rate risk associated with investments in fixed maturity securities. Fluctuations in interest rates have a direct impact on the market valuation of these securities. At June 30, 2014, we had AFS fixed maturity securities with a fair value of \$3.2 billion that are subject to interest rate risk.

The table below summarizes the interest rate risk associated with our fixed maturity securities by illustrating the sensitivity of the fair value and carrying value of our fixed maturity securities as of June 30, 2014 to selected hypothetical changes in interest rates, and the associated impact on our shareholders' equity. Temporary changes in the fair value of our fixed maturity securities that are held as AFS do impact the carrying value of these securities and are reported in our shareholders' equity as a component of other comprehensive income. The selected scenarios in the table below are not predictions of future events, but rather are intended to illustrate the effect such events may have on the fair value and carrying value of our fixed maturity securities and on our shareholders' equity as of June 30, 2014:

Hypothetical Change in Interest Rates	I	air Value	(Estimated Change in Fair Value	Hypothetical % (Decrease) Increase in Shareholders' Equity
		(\$ in]	Millions)		
200 basis point increase	\$	2,930.9	\$	(294.8)	(24.1)%
100 basis point increase		3,072.8		(152.9)	(12.5)%
No change		3,225.7			— %
100 basis point decrease		3,387.2		161.5	13.2 %
200 basis point decrease		3,548.4		322.7	26.4 %

The interest rate sensitivity on the \$168.0 million loan to related party, which carries an interest rate of one month LIBOR plus 90 basis points, is an increase of 100 and 200 basis points in LIBOR which would increase our earnings and cash flows by \$1.7 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, on an annual basis, but would not affect the carrying value of the loan.

Counterparty Credit Risk

The concentrations of the Company's counterparty credit risk exposures as of June 30, 2014 have not changed materially compared to December 31, 2013.

The Company has exposure to credit risk primarily as a holder of fixed maturity securities. The Company controls this exposure by emphasizing investment grade credit quality in our security purchases. The table below summarizes the credit ratings by major rating category of the Company's fixed maturity investments as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Ratings*		
AA+ or better	47.1%	50.5%
AA, AA-, A+, A, A-	26.7%	25.6%
BBB+, BBB, BBB-	24.2%	22.1%
BB+ or lower	2.0%	1.8%
	100.0%	100.0%

* Ratings as assigned by S&P

The Company believes this high quality concentration reduces its exposure to credit risk on fixed income securities to an acceptable level.

At June 30, 2014, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit concentration risk on its investments, excluding securities issued by the U.S. government which are rated AA+ by S&P (see "*Liquidity and Capital Resources - Investments*" on page 55), with the single largest corporate issuer and the top 10 corporate issuers accounting for only 1.3% and 7.4% of the Company's total fixed income securities, respectively.

The Company has exposure to credit risk for business written through brokers if any of the Company's brokers are unable to fulfill their contractual obligations with respect to payments to the Company. In addition, in some jurisdictions, if the broker fails to make payments to the insured under the Company's policy, the Company might remain liable to the insured for the deficiency. The Company's exposure to such credit risk is somewhat mitigated in certain jurisdictions by contractual terms. See "*Business and Risk Factors*" in Item 1 and 1A of Part I of the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 4, 2014, respectively, for detailed information on three brokers that accounted for approximately 29.2% of the Company's gross premiums written in the Diversified Reinsurance segment for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Company has exposure to credit risk as it relates to its reinsurance balances receivable and reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses. We are also subject to the credit risk that AII and/or AmTrust will fail to perform their obligations to pay interest on and repay principal of amounts loaned to AII pursuant to its loan agreement with Maiden Bermuda. Reinsurance balances receivable from the Company's clients at June 30, 2014 were \$672.5 million, including balances both currently due and accrued.

The Company believes that credit risk related to these balances is mitigated by several factors, including but not limited to, credit checks performed as part of the underwriting process and monitoring of aged receivable balances. In addition, as the vast majority of its reinsurance agreements give the Company the contractual right to offset reinsurance balances receivable from clients against losses payable to them, the Company believes that the credit risk in this area is substantially reduced. Provisions are made for amounts considered potentially uncollectible. There was no allowance for uncollectible reinsurance balances receivable at June 30, 2014.

The Company purchases limited amounts of retrocessional reinsurance and requires its reinsurers to have adequate financial strength. The Company evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers and monitors its concentration of credit risk on an ongoing basis. Provisions are made for amounts considered potentially uncollectible. The balance of reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses was \$100.2 million at June 30, 2014 compared to \$84.0 million at the end of December 31, 2013. Of these reinsurance recoverables, as of June 30, 2014, \$54.5 million or 54.3% compared to \$49.8 million or 59.2% as of December 31, 2013 relates to reinsurance claims from Superstorm Sandy.

The table below summarizes the credit ratings by A.M. Best of the Company's reinsurance counterparties as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
A or better	84.3%	90.2%
A-	4.8%	7.5%
B++ or worse	10.9%	2.3%
	100.0%	100.0%

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is generally able to match foreign currency denominated assets against its net reinsurance liabilities both by currency and duration to protect the Company against foreign exchange and interest rate risks. However, a natural offset does not exist for all currencies. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, 13.5% of our net premiums written and 13.0% of our reserve for loss and loss adjustment expenses were transacted in Euros.

Refer to the "*Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk*" section included under Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a general overview on the uncertain economic issues relating to the Euro that may impact our ability to conduct normal business operations in its participating countries.

We may employ various strategies to manage our exposure to foreign currency exchange risk. To the extent that these exposures are not fully hedged or the hedges are ineffective, our results of operations or equity may be reduced by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and could materially adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. At June 30, 2014, no hedging instruments have been entered into.

Our principal foreign currency exposure is to the Euro and British pound, however, assuming all other variables remain constant and disregarding any tax effects, a strengthening (weakening) of the U.S. dollar exchange rate of 10% or 20% relative to the non-U.S. currencies held by the Company would result in a decrease (increase) in the Company's net assets of \$17.0 million and \$34.0 million, respectively.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation and under the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, such disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide an absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected.

During the most recent fiscal quarter, there were no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In April 2009, the Company learned that Bentzion S. Turin, the former Chief Operating Officer, General Counsel and Secretary of Maiden Holdings and Maiden Bermuda, sent a letter to the U.S. Department of Labor claiming that his employment with the Company was terminated in retaliation for corporate whistle blowing in violation of the whistle blower protection provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Mr. Turin alleged concerns regarding corporate governance with respect to negotiation of the terms of the Trust Preferred Securities Offering and seeks reinstatement as Chief Operating Officer, General Counsel and Secretary of Maiden Holdings and Maiden Bermuda, back pay and legal fees incurred. On December 31, 2009, the U.S. Secretary of Labor found no reasonable cause for Mr. Turin's claim and dismissed the complaint in its entirety. Mr. Turin objected to the Secretary's findings and requested a hearing before an administrative law judge in the U.S. Department of Labor. The Company moved to dismiss Mr. Turin's complaint, and its motion was granted by the Administrative Law Judge on June 30, 2011.

On July 13, 2011, Mr. Turin filed a petition for review of the Administrative Law Judge's decision with the Administrative Review Board in the U.S. Department of Labor. The Company filed its brief in opposition to the petition for review on October 19, 2011. On March 29, 2013, the Administrative Review Board reversed the dismissal of the complaint on procedural grounds, and remanded the case to the administrative law judge. A hearing is presently scheduled to begin in September 2014. The Company believes that it had ample reason for terminating such employment for good and sufficient legal cause, and the Company believes that the claim is without merit and is vigorously defending this claim.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There are no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

On July 24, 2014, the Company's Board of Directors has approved the repurchase of up to \$75.0 million of the Company's common shares from time to time at market prices.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Section 302 Certification of CEO
31.2	Section 302 Certification of CFO
32.1	Section 906 Certification of CEO
32.2	Section 906 Certification of CFO
101.1	The following materials from Maiden Holdings, Ltd. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, formatted in XBRL (eXtensive Business Reporting Language): (i) the unaudited Condensed Balance Sheets, (ii) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity, (v) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to

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unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

August 11, 2014

MAIDEN HOLDINGS, LTD.

By:

/s/ Arturo M. Raschbaum

Arturo M. Raschbaum President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Karen L. Schmitt

Karen L. Schmitt Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Michael J. Tait

Michael J. Tait Chief Accounting Officer I, Arturo M. Raschbaum, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Maiden Holdings, Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including any consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 11, 2014

/s/ ARTURO M. RASCHBAUM

Arturo M. Raschbaum President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Karen L. Schmitt, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Maiden Holdings, Ltd.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including any consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

August 11, 2014

/s/ KAREN L. SCHMITT

Karen L. Schmitt Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officer of Maiden Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 11, 2014

By: /s/ ARTURO M. RASCHBAUM

Arturo M. Raschbaum President and Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code) and is not being filed as part of the Report.

CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), the undersigned officer of Maiden Holdings, Ltd. (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 11, 2014

By: /s/ KAREN L. SCHMITT

Karen L. Schmitt Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code) and is not being filed as part of the Report.